

# The Crittenden Press.

VOL. 27.

MARION, CRITTENDEN COUNTY, KENTUCKY, FEBRUARY 22, 1906.

NUMBER 39.

## A FEW PLAIN WORDS

To the True and Loyal Friends of the Marion Graded School.

On Oct. 23, 1905, five gentlemen prominently connected with the school and educational interests in order to bring a high class of talent to the town and to the school, made a guarantee contract with the Central Lyceum Bureau of Indianapolis for four of their best entertainments. The "Odeons" came some time ago and delighted an appreciative audience. The attendance was not near what could reasonably be expected and only about seven dollars were realized for the School Library Fund. Some of us felt like, inasmuch as the "Odeons" gave such general satisfaction, if it could be better understood among the friends of the school the object for which these entertainments were given, we could feel sure of more loyal support at subsequent appearances.

We now wish it to be generally known:

1. The management of the school nor his co-operators in this work are in no sense peculiarly interested in the proceeds of these entertainments, but contrarily are hazarding their private purse to bring clean, moral, and talented entertainments into the town, to give color and tone to the school, to benefit its students, and to better equip, through their proceeds the schools library, which is and ought to be the pride of the school and town.

2. Owing to the fact that our new requirements in the various grades, with only an eight months' session to complete them, make it impolitic for the school to attempt more than two of these entertainments the year, one each term.

In conclusion let me thank you for your support and hearty co-operation in the past and recommend to you Harmony Ladies, which the management feel quite sure is the best attraction of the season. They will appear Saturday night, Feb. 24, in the new Auditorium. What we spend at this entertainment is money put into a library to benefit the town and will yield the highest interest possible; and still, if any man fails to get his money's worth we will gladly refund him.

Believing you will be loyal to the schools' best interests I remain,

Sincerely,

V. G. KEE.

## FOUND DEAD IN BED

William J. Paris, an Old Citizen of the County Found Dead at Lucile Hotel

Last Friday afternoon at 4 o'clock the lifeless body of Wm. J. Paris was found in a bed room at the Lucile house on Bellville street where he had retired the evening before.

It is not known exactly when he died and heart failure is the supposed cause as he was in his usual health when he left his home in the northern part of the county a few days before.

He was in his 62nd year and leaves besides his wife, 8 children, James, Bayless, Andrew, Lonnie, Miss Minnie, Ellen, wife of U. S. Graves all of this county, Councilman Henry Paris, of this city, and Mrs. E. L. Gass, of New Madrid, Mo.

The funeral was from the residence of his son, Henry, in this city and the interment took place at Pilot Knob, the Fowler Graveyard Saturday.

## A Guaranteed Cure For Piles

Itching, Blind, Bleeding, Producing Piles. Druggists are authorized to refund money if Pazo Ointment fails to cure in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

## Shrieking and Shooting.

It is a comfort to realize when we hear people talking about "the good old times that used to be," that in some respects, at least, we show more common sense. One instance is in our attitude toward women. There was a time when a woman was expected to shriek and faint in almost any emergency. It was even considered an attractive exhibition of dependence. Today we pardon lack of nerve and self-possession in a woman almost as little as in a man. The girl who rides and shoots has taken the place of the girl who used to shriek and faint. No small factor in bringing this welcome change about has been the campaign carried on by the J. Stevens Arms and Tool Co., Chicopee Falls, Mass., makers of the famous Stevens firearms, who have introduced our girls to the healthy, upbuilding sport of outdoor shooting. The company have issued a catalog illustrating many varieties of lightweight rifles, shotguns and pistols which girls all over the country are using today. It contains much useful and interesting information on such points as the selection, care and testing of firearms, besides notes on ammunition targets, etc. We understand this book of reference will be sent free to any one sending four cents in stamps to cover postage.

## A Runaway.

Last Friday about 1 p. m. just as J. J. Thomas, the Tolu mail carrier started to Tolu, his horses became badly frightened and started to run away, but before they were under great speed were checked by some of the business men on Main St. Miss Loren Johnson, of Tolu who is attending school here, was in the hack intending to go home to spend Saturday and Sunday. Both she and Mr. Thomas were thrown out, but not badly injured.

After the accident Miss Johnson abandoned the trip and returned to her aunt, Mrs. Sam Hughes, where she is boarding and it is stated that she is feeling no bad effects from her unpleasant experience.

## Diamond Ring Recovered.

Norman Farris, of Salem, was in the city Tuesday to secure a diamond ring which was stolen from his wife some weeks ago by a servant who afterward left their employ and came to Marion and gave the ring away, or exchanged it with a friend. Recently a son of Jas. Ray, col., took the ring to Levi Cook, the city jeweler, to exchange for a plain one. Mr. Cook knew by the number on the ring to whom it belonged, and telephoned Mr. Farris immediately, who came to the city and secured the ring, which was highly prized, as it was his wife's engagement ring.

## Miners Hopeful.

New York, Feb. 15.—The district presidents and secretaries of the anthracite mine workers today completed their work in connection with the meeting of the coal operators and the Scale Committee of the Mine Workers expressed themselves as being hopeful of an entirely satisfactory adjustment of the grievances to be submitted.

## Tidal Wave Drowns Ninety.

Guyaquil, Feb. 15.—Passengers from the province of Esmeralda, in the extreme part of Ecuador, who arrived here today, report earthquake shocks were felt there Jan. 31, and several towns were seriously damaged. One village near the Columbia frontier, was inundated by a tidal wave and ninety persons are said to have perished.

## Mardi Gras, New Orleans, La.

\$15.75 for the round trip tickets on sale Feb. 21 to 26 inclusive return limit March 3rd. By paying 50c extra on deposit of ticket with agent at New Orleans tickets will be extended to March 17. W. L. Venner,

## OPERA HOUSE SATURDAY

### Donnelly & Hatfield's Minstrels Under The Direction of Al. G. Field

### THE TOLEDOS' FAMOUS IMPERSONATION

Al. G. Field, personal director of the Donnelly & Hatfield Magnificent Minstrels, for twenty years owner and manager of the Al. G. Field Greater Minstrels, has been fortunate in securing one of the strongest acts in vaudeville for this popular organization.

The Toledos, impersonators of animals, reptiles and amphibious monsters, will make their first American appearance with this company. They give feats of flexibility, contortion and acrobatic agility never witnessed before. The performance is an artistic one being elaborately staged.

The scene is laid down by the sea. When the curtain goes up a sea-shore in semi-darkness is disclosed. Many colored sea shells are scattered about and huge rocks loom up at the water's edge. It is a weird, desolate place that reminds one of the antediluvian days. Strange sounds emanate from the dark recesses of the big rocks. There is a chorus of animal voices. With the passing of a thought agile creatures in greens and reds variegated colors rise as if by magic from the rocks and assume varied forms. Now a huge reptile throwing off all the lights and shades of the chameleon's coat, anon a big mouthed frog in all colors of the rainbow. Now a ball without legs and without arms, now a legless monster that performs all manner of acrobatic tricks.

The act is done in pantomime, without words, swiftly, noiselessly.

### DR. BEYERS DISAPPOINTED

### Again in the Boy at Ripley, Tenn.,--Goes Florida to Look at Another Boy

Ripley, Tenn., Feb. 20—I saw the boy here and was disappointed again. He had a nick in his ear and was of the right age, but was lacking a crossed eye. He makes the fifth boy I have found along the Illinois Central railroad that was deserted by houseboat people. I will proceed immediately to Pensacola, Fla.

### L. S. BEYERS.

The above telegram was received from Dr. L. S. Beyers last night from Ripley, Tenn., where he had gone to look at a boy who had been discovered there. His quest was fruitless. This is the first boy the doctor has examined, however, that had a nick in his ear. The boy at Pensacola, Fla., has been described as also possessing a nick in the left ear and also a crossed eye.

If the doctor's Florida trip proves fruitless he will proceed to Alabama where another boy has been discovered fitting the description of Richmond Beyers.

### Reed's Pardon Doubtful

Washington, Feb. 16.—Efforts to secure a pardon for Major Reed, of Marion, Ky., a young man who murdered his father-in-law, probably will fail. At least that is the opinion of ex-United States Senator W. J. Deboe, now in Washington, who has interested himself actively in Reed's behalf. Reed, when only 18 years old, went to Indian Territory, where he married a half breed. He did not get along well with his father-in-law, whom he accused of trying to estrange his wife from him, and day after an altercation, he killed the old gentleman.

### At Home March 1st.

Dr. J. O. Dixon will be at home Monday with his family. He expects to remain in Marion. His purchase of real estate in Florida was simply an investment.

## Poles Scarce.

The Marion Electric Light and Ice company has ordered and has received the supplies necessary to build and equip all the new street lights ordered in by the city council excepting the poles, which are very scarce and hard to obtain. An effort was made to get a sufficient number from the Cumberland Telephone company, but the accompanying telegram explains itself. If cedar poles can not be obtained oak or walnut of local production will be utilized.

NASHVILLE, TENN., Feb. 20.—Marion Electric Light Co., Marion, Ky.: Regret that we can not accommodate you, but we are having great difficulty in getting poles fast enough for our requirements.

LELAND HUME,  
General Manager.

### At the Opera House Saturday Night.

Many feature acts are on the program. One of the entertaining acts is the Darktown Circus, a burlesque upon one of America's most popular amusements, the circus. While one can count five or audience is introduced to all the accessories and atmosphere that go to make a typical one ring circus. The entire company of forty people take part in this scene. The setting is both gorgeous and realistic. The act is relieved by the Toledos, impersonators of animals reptiles and amphibious monsters. They give feats of contortion and acrobatic agility.

Where the Moonlight Falls

shows a miniature landscape with a

full moon and rippling waters, where

a company of darkies gather and do

a series of dances. There is a monologue by Tommy Donnelly and the

Tuscano Brothers, Roman Art Manipulators, will make their first American appearance with this company.

These gentlemen balance, throw and juggle huge Roman axes. "While Old Glory Waves" discloses a series of spectacles representing the varied career of America in arms.

### Deeds Recorded.

R. F. Haynes and wife to C. E. C. Travis, lots in Weston, \$404.06.

Tennessee D. McConnell to John W. Robeson as trustee, 1-6 interest in 200 acres on Crooked Creek, consideration love and affection.

Geo. Foste and wife to W. S. Hicklin 42 3-4 acres on Crooked Creek, \$900.

Georgia B. Jackson and husband to Chas R. Robeson, 1-6 interest in 200 acres on Crooked Creek, consideration one bay mare.

Wm. E. Fritts and wife to Josephine Norris, 28 acres on Crooked Creek, \$250.

C. H. Whitehouse and wife to D. M. Boyd, 1/2 interest in lots on Carlisle street, \$1150.

Sallie H. Crider to Rob Thomas lot in Marion \$100.

R. C. Thomason to Oscar H. Woodall, 89 acres on Piney Creek, \$1100.

S. M. Jenkins and wife to Frank Dodge, lot in Marion \$225.

E. L. Barber to Central Home Telephone Co., telephone system, valuable consideration.

Rufus and Burch Keesee to Joe W. Stallions, 118 3-4 acres on Deer Creek, \$1200.

J. W. Shaffer to Lafe Highfill, two lots in Tolu \$600.

Wm. Barnett to Mary Harris, 62 on Ohio river \$754.

J. E. Hughes and wife to M. L. Long 50 acres on Crooked creek \$350.

Greenlea Estate Gets \$5,000.

News-Democrat: In the case of Greenlea's administrator against the Paducah Traction company the defendant paid a compromise judgment for \$5,000. Mrs. Greenlea sued for damages for the death of her son, a conductor employed by the Traction company.

### Is Improving.

Miss Phoebe Rochester, who was operated on recently for cancer of the stomach in the sanitarium at Evansville, is getting along nicely and her friends will be glad to note that her ultimate recovery is but a question of a short time.

## MAD DOG KILLED

### At Iron Hill Sunday Morning—Had Bitten Son of John Marvel

Iron Hill, Ky., Feb. 20, 1905.—

Our community was startled early Sunday morning by the repeated bang! bang! of a shotgun and it developed that there was ample reasons for the apparent disregard of the Sabbath. A mad dog had made his appearance on Mack Walker's premises and proceeded to attack and bite everything in sight, among which was the faithful and valuable old dog Watch, and some members of the family had narrow escapes. Milton engaged him at close range with his shotgun, but after firing several volleys without any apparent effect he retired to Ed. Dean's for reinforcements. John Butler finally put an end to the canine. Later in the day Mr. John Marvel, who lives on Crooked creek, who had been trying to follow the dog, came to Mr. Walker's and identified it as his own, which had bitten his son and a lot of his stock Friday and then left home. It seems to have traveled east to near Gladstone and thence up the Pigeon Roost to Frank Clark's and from there to Mr. Walker's. People living in the territory through which the dog passed are warned to watch their stock, as it seems to have attacked stock or dogs at nearly every house it passed.

## A PROPOSITION

### Made to Shawneetown, Illinois, to Put In Electric Lights.

How fortunate Marion is in its lighting contract, which is \$65 per light for all night service on moonlight schedule, is shown by the following proposition which has recently been made to Shawneetown, an older and richer city than Marion,

CHICAGO, ILL., Feb. 3, 1906.—To the Board of Trustees, Shawneetown, Ill. Dear Sirs: We are considering the buying of an Electric Light Plant in your city. Provided that we can get a contract with your city to light streets for no less than 30 acres and \$75 each per year, for midnight (12 o'clock). Please answer as soon as convenient.

What is the situation of water? How obtained? Can a franchise be obtained with a hydrant contract to furnish water for city at about \$2000 a year? We only ask enough to insure a successful plant and not a failure, as your light plant has been from insufficient force.

Yours truly,  
CONDON CONSTRUCTION CO.

From the above it will be seen that Marion is getting lights at less than half what is demanded of Shawneetown, although that city has competitive railway lines, and the Ohio river as the great freight equalizer and reducer.

### Oratorical Contest.

The following is the program of the annual Oratorical Contest to be given at the School Auditorium, Feb. 22, 1906.

Allie May Yates: Subject: "War an Unnecessary Evil."

Burl Woodson: Subject: "Men of the Hour."

Mary Deboe: Subject: "America, the Land we Love."

Gray Rochester: Subject: "Kentucky's Sons and Daughters."

Eula Thurman: Subject: "The New South."

Appropriate music will be rendered.

### Has Accepted The Call.

Rev. T. A. Conway has accepted the call made on him by the Smithland Baptist church and will soon remove to that place. Rev. Conway has many warm friends here who sincerely regret that he is to leave our community. The church here has not yet decided on whom it will call for the ensuing year.

## DYCUSBURG.

DIED.—The remains of Mrs. Nelly Dalton, nee Hamby, were brought up from Paducah a few days ago and interred at the Caldwell Springs cemetery. She was the wife of Mr. Ed. Dalton, jr., who removed from this place to Paducah two years ago.

BORN, to Mr. and Mrs. Crane, Feb. 6th, a son.

Miss Lillian Decker has been seriously ill at the home of her aunt, Mrs. Mattie Wadlington.

Misses Mayme Steel and Maud Richards are visiting Miss Lucy Brasher at her country home.

Mrs. Abby Cooksey has been ill for several days.

Rev. V. P. Thomas preached Sunday and Sunday night at the City Hall.

Miss Clark, of Marion is visiting Miss Nellie Clifton.

Mrs.

ZED A. BENNETT, Marion, Ky.  
B. D. BENNETT, Smithland, Ky.  
**Bennett & Bennett,**  
(Successors to Hughes & Hughes)  
Agents for the Farm  
Department of the  
**Continental Fire Insurance Co.**  
For Crittenden, Livingston  
and Lyon counties.

All persons having insurable property should protect it from the ravages of fire, lightning and tornadoes when they can do so at such a low price. Write or phone these gentlemen and your business will be promptly attended to. Phone 225, Marion, Ky., or No. 92, Smithland, Ky.

**Dr. M. Ravdin,**  
Practice Limited to Diseases  
and Defects of the

**Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat,**

Suits 16 and 17, Arcade  
Building. Glasses Fitted.

**EVANSVILLE, INDIANA.**

**Joe B. Champion T. W. Champion**

**Champion & Champion,**  
Lawyers,

**MARION, KENTUCKY.**

Will practice in all the courts of the Commonwealth. Special attention given to collections. Office in Press Building, second floor, Room 6

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Special attention given to collections.

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**MARION, KENTUCKY.**

**J. B. KEVIL,**  
Lawyer

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HAVE ESTABLISHED A

**Fire Insurance & Real Estate  
Agency in**

**MARION, KENTUCKY**

If you desire to buy or sell real estate of any character, see them.

If you have property in the town of Marion, let them insure it. You shall have no reasons to regret it.

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Telephone 225.

**TELEPHONES  
AND  
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ALSO  
Large Stock of Electric  
Light, Street Railway  
and Telephone Supplies  
Constantly on Hand.

Send For Catalogue.

**Jas. Clark Jr. & Co.**  
313 W. Main St. Louisville, Ky.

## J. R. NEW YORK WEEKLY LETTER

Check Box Coats and Long Waisted Dresses—The Latest For the Small Miss—Elbow Sleeves and Colored Shoes the Spring Fashions For Women.

By RENE DEVERAUX.  
This is the day of the small girl, and she is seen in all her glory at the matinee, along the promenade on Fifth avenue, at the bazaars and dog shows. The day was when she wore pinuppers or simple little homemade frocks, and she was relegated to the nursery. But today Dame Fashion gives quite as much consideration to the comfort and beauty of the small daughter of the house as to those of her elder sister. And the keynote is simplicity.

It is at the matinee that she may be said to have her fling, for there she may display her frocks and coats to the best advantage.

As just stated, simplicity is the ruling feature, and the richest little girl in New York is frequently dressed the simplest. The little ten-year-old daughter of Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt, who was in a box at the matinee last week with several tots of her own age, wore a white mull frock with a yoke of val lace. A deep bertha fell over the shoulders and in front graduated to a V, ending at the waist. The full sleeves reached just below the elbow, with a band of val lace, and the full skirt was plain, with a four inch hem. White kid shoes and a white double breasted cloth coat with a white fox collar completed this superb little to-



SWAGGER EARLY SPRING MODEL GIRL'S COAT.

let, which was capped by a white brimmed hat, with tips and a long plume.

This French style of dress is to reign supreme for girls from six to twelve, and berthas adorn the gowns of girls of all ages. Valenciennes lace and eyelet embroidery are much used. The paraphernalia of the small girl is not necessarily expensive to be fashionable. The most elaborate dress or coat may be made by her mother in much less time than of yore. It can be purchased ready made for almost the price of the goods. A dress for a girl of twelve of lawn and made like this one just described, also trimmed with lace, may be bought for less than \$4.

Another little dark eyed beauty wore a double breasted coat of lightweight jersey in the new shade of coral, adorned with velvet buttons. There was a shoulder cape, and the neck was finished with a flat velvet collar trimmed with Persian braid.

Another seen on a dainty little miss walking on Fifth avenue was of English plaid mixture in box style, prettily trimmed with black velvet on collar and cuffs, touched off with white and red broadcloth and gold butterflies. All these little coats fall four inches above the hem of the dress.

Mothers will rejoice to know that the naval sailors and Russian blouses will be the rage this season in percales, linens and cottons. Two extra gores are inverted at the sides to give the fashionable flare.

Elbow sleeves are the feature of the new shirt waists. The woman with pretty arms will rejoice, but those not so fortunate may affect the long suede gloves, which now are so popular and effective, as they make all arms look shapely.

But this is to be a season of fancy, fluffy effects, and all kinds of fibby gauzes are used. Sleeves to the fancy shirt waists may be full, puffed, ruffled or plain, to suit the style of any individual, and the artist may plan to make her sleeves so bewitching that the thin arms below the elbow will not be observed. The shape of the sleeves is more becoming than formerly and gives breadth to the shoulders rather than the sloping effect of last year.

When the shoes with flat, fashionable points took the place of the good old round and square toes we believed fashion had reached her limitations, but not so. Shoes of colored kid are here, in French gray calfskin, in different shades of olive, red, orchid and coral. For receptions the shoes must match the gown, and colors are to be worn with white dresses, or to match, for the street. Calf will be worn to the exclusion of suede, as also canvas shoes, which are easily cleaned.

[Our readers may have any question concerning fashions or fabrics answered by Rene Deveraux, the fashion expert, by addressing Rene Deveraux, P. O. Box 269, Madison Square, New York, inclosing stamp for reply.]

## Consumption

There is no specific for consumption. Fresh air, exercise, nourishing food and Scott's Emulsion will come pretty near curing it, if there is anything to build on. Millions of people throughout the world are living and in good health on one lung.

From time immemorial the doctors prescribed cod liver oil for consumption. Of course the patient could not take it in its old form, hence it did very little good. They can take

SCOTT'S EMULSION

and tolerate it for a long time. There is no oil, not excepting butter, so easily digested and absorbed by the system as cod liver oil in the form of Scott's Emulsion, and that is the reason it is so helpful in consumption where its use must be continuous.

We will send you a sample free.

Be sure that this picture in the form of a label is on the wrapper of every bottle of Emulsion you buy.

Scott & Bowne  
Chemists  
409 Pearl Street  
New York  
soc. and \$1, all druggists



### Another I. C. Extension

Announcement is made by W. J. Harahan, of the Illinois Central that the contract for building the new line between Corinth, Miss., and Haleyville, Ala., about eighty miles, has just been let. The cost of the work will be \$5,000,000 and the contract calls for completion of the extension by January 1, 1907.

The Alabama Central was incorporated by the Illinois Central interests some time ago to build this extension. Contracts reported let to the D. C. Smith company of Memphis, Tenn., and to John Scott & Sons, of St. Louis, Mo., for building 42 miles of this road from Corinth, Miss., South. The contractors have opened an office in Corinth and will sub-let some of the work, which is very heavy.

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The intelligent woman who is paying out her cash knows that a cash business will give her the best possible returns.

Women realize the time and money wasted in collecting accounts, the great number of clerks and the multifarious expenses of a credit system. They know they can get the best results at a store which only buys and sells more than any other, but buys and sells everything for cash; that relies for its prosperity upon the fact that it gives its customers all the economical benefit of a cash system.

R. H. Macy & Company refuse all credit accounts absolutely. There is no man in America rich enough to buy one dollar's worth of goods on credit there—not even a member of the firm. There is no man whose purchases, however great, can secure for him one cent of discount or commission on the price paid by the smallest customer.

R. H. Macy & Company appreciate the importance of modern American merchandising. To protect the customers' interests is the object of R. H. Macy & Company, first, last and constantly.

The value of knowledge is the use to which it is put. You know you can buy everything more economically in New York. Do you do it? Do you save the money you know you can save?

Our 500 page Spring and Summer catalogue, an encyclopedia of New York fashions and household supplies, will be ready in March. Sent free on request. Write for it now. Make use of the low prices and save money. Address Room 201.

R. H. MACY & CO.,  
BROADWAY, NEW YORK

Safe Blowers at Dyer.  
Dyer, Tenn., Feb. 15.—Three safe-blowers robbed the post office here, wrecked the safe with dynamite and escaped under a fusillade of shots exchanged in an encounter with the night policeman, who surprised them at their work and drove them off before they completed it. The robbers secured \$350 in stamps and \$130 in money from the safe.

### Neighbor Was Too Friendly.

Vincennes, Ind., Feb. 15.—Henry Kepping filed an affidavit Wednesday morning against his next door neighbor, George Lawson, aged 24, charging him with entering his house for the purpose of stealing money.

Kepping claims that recently he secured about eighty dollars from the bank and on Tuesday night after he had settled several bills, he was at home counting the remainder of his bills when his neighbor, Geo. Lawson entered the room and noticed the money.

Lawson remained a short time and then left, and Kepping also left the house a few minutes later, to bring his wife home from one of the neighbors.

Kepping claims that he returned home soon after, filled his pipe and sat some time smoking, finally going to bed, taking the pipe with him. When he had finished smoking he leaned over the edge of the bed and knocked the ashes out of his pipe on the floor. While leaning over the bed he heard a noise under the bed and getting up he turned up the lamp and looking under the bed saw Lawson lying under the bed on his back.

Kepping claims that Lawson, on being discovered came out from under the bed and said that he was only trying to scare him. He however was of the opinion that Lawson was there for the purpose of stealing his money.

### The End of the World

of troubles that robbed E. H. Wolfe, of Bear Grove, Ia., of all usefulness came when he began taking Electric Bitters. He writes: "Two years ago Kidney trouble caused me great suffering, which I would never have survived had I not taken Electric Bitters. They also cured me of General Debility." Sure cure for all Stomach, Liver and Kidney complaint Blood diseases, Headache, Dizziness and Weakness or bodily decline. Price 50c. Guaranteed by Woods & Orme's drug store.

## Macy's NEW YORK

### WOMEN ARE LOGICAL



Successful businesses owe their success to the business sense of American women. The manager of a department store knows this better than anybody else. He knows that women are logical, much keener than men in purchasing for their homes, much more painstaking in estimating values.

R. H. Macy & Company, the original American department store and the greatest in America, owe their success to the discrimination of women.

Every woman knows that when she deals for cash she can do her buying more economically than on a credit basis.

She knows, therefore, that Macy's who deal only for cash, can do both their buying and their selling cheaper than the stores that buy and sell on a credit basis.

The intelligent woman who is paying out her cash knows that a cash business will give her the best possible returns.

Women realize the time and money wasted in collecting accounts, the great number of clerks and the multifarious expenses of a credit system. They know they can get the best results at a store which only buys and sells more than any other, but buys and sells everything for cash; that relies for its prosperity upon the fact that it gives its customers all the economical benefit of a cash system.

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Our 500 page Spring and Summer catalogue, an encyclopedia of New York fashions and household supplies, will be ready in March. Sent free on request. Write for it now. Make use of the low prices and save money. Address Room 201.

R. H. MACY & CO.,  
BROADWAY, NEW YORK

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Our 500 page

## Is It Your Own Hair?

Do you pin your hat to your own hair? Can't do it? Haven't enough hair? It must be you do not know Ayer's Hair Vigor! Here's an introduction! May the acquaintance result in a heavy growth of rich, thick, glossy hair! And we know you'll never be gray.

"I think that Ayer's Hair Vigor is the most wonderful hair grower that was ever made. I have used it for some time and I can truthfully say that I am greatly pleased with it. I cheerfully recommend it as an splendid preparation." — Miss V. Brock, Wayland, Mich.

Made by J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.  
Also manufacturers of  
SARSAPARILLA,  
PILLS,  
CHERRY PECTORAL.

### ROLL OF HONOR.

The Following Have Paid or Renewed their Subscriptions Since Last Report.

A M Gilbert, city.  
Ethel Hard, " "  
Calvin Corley, " "  
N R Lester, " "  
Bob Wilborn, Tylora, I T  
John Wilborn, Byars, I T  
M L Patton, Dycusburg  
Reuben Wood, Shady Grove  
Martha Barnes, Salem  
Jas G Lemon, city  
J H Shadower, Fredonia  
Jas Shadower, " "  
A H Walker, Weston  
J F Casner, Shady Grove  
David Vaughn, Lola  
W H Kirk, View  
E E Newcom, Weston  
L A LaRue, Sheridan  
Thos W Walker, Mattoon  
S R Lucas Tolu  
Jas T Wolfe, Salem  
Chas E Truit, Mattoon  
J W Swanagan, Tolu  
Lon Jolly, Salem  
T W Lowery, Salem  
Green Jacobs, city  
F A Casner, Providence  
Kit Adams, Bayou  
R Coffield & McAlester  
Eldon Crider, city  
Boyce Taylor, Murray  
J V Burton, Blackford  
A L Easley, Cave-in-Rock  
J A Mahan, Salem

### CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.  
The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Chas H. Fletcher*

#### Troops Mobilized.

Chicago, Feb. 15.—A dispatch to the Tribune from Washington says:

Thirty-eight thousand men of the regular army are to be mobilized at Manilla for service in China in case of an uprising against foreigners in the ancient empire. The war department has determined to send four regiments of cavalry and seven batteries of artillery to the far eastern islands, in addition to the troops already ordered.

## Monuments!

### Marble and Granite

Always remember that we sell Marble and Granite Monuments cheaper than anybody. We guarantee our work and stand behind the guarantee. See us before buying.

**HENRY & HENRY,**  
Marion, Ky.

### William the Conqueror vs. Charlemagne.

Composed and read by Miss May Travis.

[The class in general history of M. H. S. have agreed to furnish us manuscript of their history reports that are read before the class every Friday morning. The best paper from each week's report is the one selected for publication.]

William and Charlemagne were without doubt the most prominent figures of the Middle Ages and we owe much to them. Each became the ruler of an important nation and each made great conquests. They were both rather cruel compared with rulers of to-day, yet judging them by the standards of their times, there were many worse rulers.

William was the son of Robert the sixth Duke of Normandy. His father went off on a crusade leaving William, then only a little boy, in charge of the King of France. He received a careful military education here. Robert was killed while on this crusade and though William was not yet old enough to rule he went back to Normandy and there won the admiration of all his people by his knowledge of military affairs and his skill in horsemanship.

Charlemagne was the eldest son of Pepin Le Bref, King of the Franks, and he became acquainted with all the ceremonies of royalty in his boyhood. Though he received some intellectual training his education was mostly physical. In 761 he accompanied his father on an expedition against some forts in Aquitaine.

Thus we see both William and Charlemagne received training in their youth that fitted them well for their future career in life and helped them to become the great warriors that they were.

As soon as William was old enough he assumed all the powers and duties of the ruler of Normandy. There were many rebellions among his people but he was successful in putting all of them down. He also had much trouble with the King of France but was victorious here also. He married Matilda, daughter of the Count of Flanders. She was a good and wise woman and was of much assistance to her husband.

Now let us see how Charlemagne ruled.

In 768 Pepin died and his eldest son succeeded to a large portion of the kingdom. A younger son, Carloman, disputed Charlemagne's right to a part of this, but war between the brothers was prevented by the death of Carloman. Charlemagne was then proclaimed ruler over the whole kingdom of the Franks. One of his aims was to make a conquest of Saxony. Early in his reign therefore he began the war which lasted with many interruptions for more than thirty years. It was a wearisome task to conquer this enemy but at last it was done and the Saxons accepted Christianity and the just rule of Charlemagne. Another campaign which he undertook was in Spain. But while recrossing the mountains the fierce natives fell upon the rear of the army and destroyed it and killed the renowned Roland.

After William had ruled Normandy for some time Edward the Confessor, the King of England, died and Harold, the Earl of Godwin, was crowned king. William, however, was related to Edward and had no idea of giving up the kingdom so he invaded England with a large army. Harold gathered his army and after defeating the Danes in the north he learned that William had landed in England so he marched to oppose him.

The opposing forces met at Hastings and after a long and hard fought battle the Normans were victorious. Harold was killed and his army fled. William continued to fight until the English were conquered and on Christmas Day 1066 he was crowned in Westminster Abbey. William gave the lands of the English noblemen who had fought against him to his Norman friends. But as these lands were taken by force they had to be maintained by force. So as a consequence of this there was some trouble going on all the time and his English subjects rebelled again and again. He also had trouble with his Normans for the more he gave them the more they wanted. William's

three sons, Robert, William and Henry were bad and undutiful boys and caused their father much trouble and sorrow.

But as William became ruler of a great nation, besides the one he had inherited from his father, so did Charlemagne. On Christmas Day 800, while kneeling at prayer in the Church of St. Peter at Rome, Pope Leo III crowned him Emperor of the Romans. The Pope intended that Charlemagne should rule over the eastern part of the empire but as the people there chose their own ruler, he only ruled over the western part.

Charlemagne ruled wisely and justly over his new possessions for fourteen years, dying in 814. He was buried in the Cathedral at Aachen. He was placed on his throne with his royal robes about him, his Bible on his lay and his sword at his side.

William ruled for twenty-one years but not so well as Charlemagne did. He was often cruel and oppressive to his subjects. He wished to have another forest for hunting (although he already had sixty-eight) so he laid waste to an immense district in Hampshire. At length he got into a dispute with the King of France about some territory and went over to Rouen to settle the difficulty. While here he ravaged the country and set the town of Nantes on fire. As he rode over the hot ruins his horse stepped upon some burning embers and threw him forward giving him a mortal hurt. He died six weeks later in a monastery near Rouen. His burial was not like Charlemagne for just as his body was about to be let down into the tomb a man cried out that the ground was his and the king had robbed him of it. The priests knowing that he spoke the truth paid him down sixty shillings for the grave.

Charlemagne was undoubtedly the better man and was much more successful as a ruler. But he was also a reformer. He made better laws, founded libraries and schools and was a great patron of literature. It has been said of him that he laid the foundation of all that is noble and beautiful and useful in the history of the Middle Ages.

William was ambitious and was a stern, bold man. He struggled to maintain what he had seized at any cost of cruelty and bloodshed. His reign was in some ways an advantage to England, however, for the Normans were much more refined and cultured than the Britians. He also gave the people a strong central government.

\$300,000 to Fortify the Philippines.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 14.—Incidental to the passage of the fortifications appropriation bill, which was accomplished by the House today, a lively debate was kept up throughout involving the difference between the representatives and democratic policy with reference to the Philippines, and also the difference between the army and navy officers as to the place where the naval station and fortifications shall be established in the archipelago.

The debate availed nothing so far as legislation is concerned, as the two amendments on the proposition, first not to appropriate anything for fortifications in the Philippines and the second to forbid the expenditure of any money at Subic bay was defeated.

The minority took some pains to make plain the position of Mr. Bryan in his campaign for the ratification of the Paris treaty of peace that Bryan wanted first to acquire the Philippines and then give the inhabitants their freedom. This was accomplished finally by having placed in the record a letter written by Bryan some time ago on the subject.

As to the question of the location of the naval station army experts were quoted quite liberally against having it at Subic bay and naval authorities were put on record in favor of a station at that place. It was pointed out that whereas the navy went with its station there the army would have to go with its fortifications.

The bill does not specify where these defenses shall be located, but appropriates \$600,000 to be divided between the Philippines and Hawaii. The bill carries a total of over four million dollars for fortifications and their armament. It was passed exactly in the shape expected by the committee.

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YOUR LIFE WILL NEVER AFFORD A BETTER TIME TO ENTER THAN NOW

## Our Graduates Succeed. Why?

BECAUSE they are instructed right.

BECAUSE they are encouraged to observe every particular that goes to make up careful and shrewd office help. Our Graduates are in demand.

### STUDENTS PLACED IN POSITIONS

In Our Shorthand Department is taught CHARTER'S ELECTRIC SHORTHAND, English Correspondence, Punctuation, Spelling, Penmanship and Typewriting.

In the Commercial Department you find SADLER-ROWE SYSTEM of Book-keeping being taught with most wonderful results. This connected with Penmanship, Commercial Law, Business Arithmetic, Rapid Calculation, Spelling and English Correspondence makes a most thorough course of study.

Time Required—Shorthand alone, twelve weeks; Book-keeping, four to five months; Combined course seven to nine months.

If you cannot attend in the day school, enter our

## Night School

Which offers rare opportunities for the boy or girl who is compelled to work during the day. GET YOUR EDUCATION AND INCREASE YOUR SALARY.

### If You Doubt It

We give you two weeks trial and if not satisfied, it costs you nothing.

Does Others Attend? Read the Following! } Enrollment Dec. 1, 1904, 25  
Enrollment Dec. 1, 1905, 75

May we expect you here. Your success depends largely on how you answer this question. Decide this at once and ATTEND THE BEST. We have met you half way, will you do as much by writing us for any information that you want? We will gladly answer by letter or call on you personally. Address

Owensboro Business University,  
OWENSBORO, KENTUCKY

## GROW SOME EARLY CABBAGE

\$150 to \$250 PER ACRE PROFIT.



Early Jersey Wakefield      Caarleston Large Type Wakefield      Succession      Augusta Truckee      Short Steinned Flat Dutch, largest and latest cabbage  
Earliest cabbage grown.      2d earliest.      Variety.      A little later than Succession.

PRICE: In lots of 1 to 4 m. at \$1.50 per m., 5 to 9 m. at \$1.25 per m. 10 m. and over, at \$1.00 per m., f. o. b. Young's Island, S. C.

Our Special Express Rates on Plants are Very Low.

**GUARANTEE:** We guarantee Plants to give purchaser satisfaction, or will refund the purchase price to any customer who is dissatisfied at the end of the season. These plants are grown in the open field on Seacoast of South Carolina, in a climate that is just suited to growing the hardiest plants that can be grown in the United States. These plants can be reset in the interior of the Southern States during the months of December, January, February and March. They will stand severe cold without being injured, and will mature a head of Cabbage Two or Three weeks sooner than if you grow your own plants in hot beds and cold frames.

It takes 13,000 plants to set one acre; you can count on getting 10 to 12 thousand heads of cabbage; you can sell these heads at an average of 2½ cents each: 10 to 12 thousand heads of cabbage at 2½ cents is \$250 to \$300.

### COST OF GROWING:

13 thousand plants will cost you \$1.00 per thousand,	\$13.00
The Express charges will average about 30c per thousand	4.00
1 ton Fertilizer, 8 per cent Ammonia, 7 per cent Phosphoric Acid and 5 per cent Potash, cost	35.00
The labor of cultivating and harvesting will cost	15.00
Total cost of producing this acre Cabbage	\$67.00

You can easily figure profit and compare it with what you now make on Cotton, Corn or other crops. In order to encourage the farmers of our section to engage in early vegetable growing, we have arranged with the most reliable plant grower in the South to furnish us plants at the low prices shown above.

Send in your orders and we will have Plants shipped direct from grower to you.

Terms: CASH WITH ORDER.

S. M. JENKINS, Marion, Ky.

## Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic

has stood the test 25 years. Average Annual Sales over One and a Half Million bottles. Does this record of merit appeal to you? No Cure, No Pay. 50c.

Enclosed with every bottle is a Ten Cent package of Grove's Black Root Liver Pills.

## Yandell-Gugenheim Company

The House that Saves You from  
**15 to 25**  
Per Cent on Your Purchases of

**Winter  
Clothing  
Shoes, Caps  
Furnishing  
Goods and  
Heavy  
Dry Goods**

ITS A GOOD STOCK  
TO SELECT FROM

We Invite  
Comparison

# Yandell-Gugenheim Company's Qualities—Values—and—Styles FOR SPRING

### White Goods!

You should see  
our New Weaves

### White Linens

For Suits and  
Waists

New Val Laces  
Novelty Waist  
Trimmings

Embroideries at One  
Half their Value

Ladies Novelty 25c  
Neckwear for . . . 15c

Test  
Examine  
Compare

**WE invite all to call and examine our offerings in  
Spring Wear. You don't have to buy unless you  
want to. But you will buy; you can't help it. The  
QUALITIES, VALUES and STYLES ARE THERE**



Walkover Shoes  
For Men

### New Novelty Belts for Ladies

New  
Carpets  
Rugs  
Druggets  
Mattings  
and  
Lace Curtains

Our Success tells the tale of Wear, Prices and  
Quality!

The Keener the Investigation the Surer we Feel of your Trade

### Shoes for Spring

### Hats for Spring

### Shirts for Spring

## The Crittenden Press

S. M. JENKINS Editor and Publisher.

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CASH IN ADVANCE  
Single copies mailed . . . . . 5c  
1 month mailed to any address . . . . . 15c  
2 months . . . . . 30c  
3 months . . . . . 50c  
1 year . . . . . 1.00  
6 years . . . . . 5.00

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### To Cure a Cold in One Day

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

### NEW SALEM.

E. B. McWhirter is still a very sick man.

W. E. McWhirter of Nashville, Tenn., who has been visiting his brother, E. B. McWhirter, has returned home.

Henry Brouster was in Livingston county last week on business.

Phin Travis of Emmaus was in this section last week on business.

Our new road overseer, Reuben Wheeler, has undertaken to fix up his road section and make it passable until spring.

Rev. King filled his regular appointment at New Salem 3rd Saturday and Sunday.

Some kind of a disease is among the cattle in this section, mostly milk cows are affected.

We don't propose to be a fighting man by any means, but we intend to tan the leather of the son of a gun that sent us that valentine, we have him spotted.

The people near the Hodge mines are trying to get a post office established in that neighborhood; they need it.

Dan Woolford, manager of the Klondyke mines, was a caller in this section last week.

Some real estate changed hands in this section last week.

### Woods

### & Orme

#### The Leading Druggists

#### Stock New and Fresh

#### Prescriptions Carefully Compounded at all Hours, Day or Night.

#### FINE PERFUMERY

Toilet Articles, Soaps,  
School Books, Tablets,  
Stationery, Pins, Pencils  
Inks, Etc.

#### WOODS & ORME

Marion, Kentucky.

We notice that our General Assembly have up a bill requiring a man to show a poll tax receipt before being allowed to vote. That is exactly right. We are poor ourselves but have always met our poll tax, and we know there are very few men in the county but what can pay a poll, and what few there are some one will see that they have a receipt.

Union soldiers buried in our country who have no mark in the way of tombstones to their graves, if the families of such soldiers will correspond with T. A. Harpending at Salem, Ky., he can have the Government furnish all such with slabs to mark the graves of the deceased ones.

We try to furnish the general happenings in our section, and if any item of news is not sent in it is simply because we did not hear it in time.

#### SUGAR GROVE.

Rev. W. T. Oakley filled his regular appointment here Saturday and Sunday.

Miss Ellen Franks, who has been sick for the last few weeks, is around again.

Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Deboe of Marion, were visiting friends here Saturday and Sunday.

Miss Mary Towery of Fishtrap, visited Agnes Lamb Sunday.

Fred Horning left here Saturday for Ills., to spend the year with his brother farming.

J. M. Walker and family passed through this neighborhood greatly excited Sunday morning, bring at a mad dog, which was killed after considerable trouble.

John Stewart is all smiles over the new ten pound boy.

Uncle Bennett Crider is seriously ill at his home on Piney.

J. Frank Conger received stock at Thos Hurst's Friday and Saturday.

Jim Thomas is on the sick list at present.

#### REPTON.

Mr. Henry, of Wheatencroft, visited her son, James Henry, at this place last week.

Mr. Oscar Johnson and wife and Mrs. Rosie Denney visited J. A. Denny and family Saturday and Sunday.

Mr. John Dalton was in Marion on Saturday.

Mr. Smith and wife of Beaver Dam, Ky., are visiting his brother,

Edgar Smith, of this place.

We learn that Mr. Geo. B. Woodring will move back to his farm near this place.

W. S. Jones attended church at Sugar Grove Sunday.

Mr. Hartfield, traveling salesman for a Paducah dry goods house, was in our midst last Saturday.

W. S. Jones' store was broken into Sunday night and several pairs of shoes and pants and shirts and dry goods stolen, the amount estimated between \$25 and \$30. They were slick; they took the shoes out of the boxes and then put them back on the shelves.

Jim Henry was at Wheatencroft last Monday.

Jim Burton made a flying trip to Sullivan Sunday.

Mr. J. H. Smith is breaking oats ground.

Hello, old fellow; you will get to go skating yet.

#### DEAN SCHOOL HOUSE.

Mont Merrill is on the sick list.

Miss Nannie Moore, of Marion is visiting Mrs. W. T. Terry.

Mesdames W. G. Conditt, W. T. Terry and her guest, Miss Moore dined with Miss Nannie Dean Tuesday.

A dog belonging to J. R. Marvel went mad recently. The dog snapped Mr. Marvel on the hand but did not break the skin. His hands however, were chapped, and hence he is somewhat alarmed.

Cleghorn Bros. are getting out a lot of ties on the Joe Hughes (col.) land.

Our good friend James Carse Gilbert stole a march on us last week by slipping down to Kuttawa and being united in matrimony to Miss Alice Hamilton. Congratulations and a bon voyage to the happy couple.

Mr. John Robinson, who lives near Memphis mines accidentally fell and broke his leg last week.

Mrs. J. T. Terry is visiting her son Clarence at Sheridan.

#### FORDS FERRY.

The river is falling.

Winter has come at last, ice houses all full.

Corn cribs are being emptied.

The wheat in this section looks well after the big snow.

Most every one has a bad cold.

Not much sickness in our midst at present.

Mrs. Bettie Lose has a bad case of LaGrippe.

Mrs. Deze Clement was in our town Tuesday, after some clever seed.

W. B. Wilborn attended services at Dunn Springs Sunday.

Mrs. Deze Clement had a fine mate to die Tuesday.

Several of our people attended county court.

W. B. Wilborn is going to put in a fine pair of stock scales then he will be ready for the farmers and will pay top prices.

Miss Ruth Cook visited her parents Friday and Saturday and then returned to Marion to take her place in her classes.

Claud Springs got badly hurt Saturday night, by being thrown from a mule.

#### LEVIAS.

Miss Eleta LaRue, of Sheridan visited here last week the guest of Will Conger and family.

Hugh Carter greets you now with a girl.

Mrs. Edna Davidson is visiting relatives and friends in Salem this week.

The Marion and Salem road has been greatly improved by filling the mudholes with rock. Does not that look like a pike after awhile?

Spivey Turner has turned nurse at his fine boy at his house.

James B. Franklin is still confined to his bed; not so well now as a few days ago.

The sheep raisers here welcome the dog tax law, believing it will rid the country of sheep killing dogs.

Green Belt is running the blacksmith shop while Will Davenport is still wrestling with la grippe.

Levias is soon to have two mules a day; correspondents from Salem, Pinckneyville and other points in Livingston; please note the change and write accordingly.

#### Nice Home For Sale.

A nice home of 160 acres for sale situated on Salem and Crittenden Springs road, two miles west of Marion; good house of 5 rooms, 2 barns, 2 cisterns, 2 cellars, fine spring, good tenant house, 10 acres timber, good mineral prospects.

J. W. JENNINGS, Marion, Ky.

WANTED—50 cedar poles 35 ft. long, 5 inches across, at top. S. M. Jenkins.

# Yandell-Gugenheim Company

The House that Saves You from  
15 to 25  
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**Winter  
Clothing  
Shoes, Caps  
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Goods and  
Heavy  
Dry Goods**

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New Val Laces  
Novelty Waist  
Trimmings

Embroideries at One  
Half their Value

Ladies Novelty 25c  
Neckwear for

Test  
Examine  
Compare

**WE invite all to call and examine our offerings in  
Spring Wear. You don't have to buy unless you  
want to. But you will buy; you can't help it. The  
QUALITIES, VALUES and STYLES ARE THERE**



Walkover Shoes  
For Men

### New Novelty Belts for Ladies

Walkover Shoes  
For Men

New  
Carpets  
Rugs  
Druggets  
Matting  
and  
Lace Curtains

Our Success tells the tale of Wear, Prices and  
Quality!

The Keener the Investigation the Surer we Feel of your Trade

### Shoes for Spring

### Hats for Spring

### Shirts for Spring

### NEW SALEM.

E. B. McWhirter is still a very sick man.

W. E. McWhirter of Nashville, Tenn., who has been visiting his brother, E. B. McWhirter, has returned home.

Henry Brouster was in Livingston county last week on business.

Phin Travis of Emmaus was in this section last week on business.

Our new road overseer, Reuben Wheeler, has undertaken to fix up his road section and make it passable until spring.

Rev. King filled his regular appointment at New Salem 3rd Saturday and Sunday.

Some kind of a disease is among the cattle in this section, mostly milk cows are affected.

We don't propose to be a fighting man by any means, but we intend to tan the leather of the son of a gun that sent us that valentine; we have him spotted.

The people near the Hodge mines are trying to get a post office established in that neighborhood; they need it.

Dan Woolford, manager of the Klondyke mines, was a caller in this section last week.

Some real estate changed hands in this section last week.

### Woods

### & Orme

#### The Leading Druggists

#### Stock New and Fresh

Prescriptions Carefully  
Compounded at all  
Hours, Day or  
Night.

#### FINE PERFUMERY

Toilet Articles, Soaps,  
School Books, Tablets,  
Stationery, Pins, Pencils  
Inks, Etc.

### WOODS & ORME

Marion, Kentucky.

We notice that our General Assembly have up a bill requiring a man to show a poll tax receipt before being allowed to vote. That is exactly right. We are poor ourselves but have always met our poll tax, and we know there are very few men in the county but what can pay a poll, and what few there are some one will see that they have a receipt.

Union soldiers buried in our country who have no mark in the way of tombstones to their graves, if the families of such soldiers will correspond with T. A. Haas pending at Salem, Ky., he can have the Government furnish all such with slabs to mark the graves of the deceased ones.

We try to furnish the general happenings in our section, and if any item of news is not sent in it is simply because we did not hear it in time.

### SUGAR GROVE.

Rev. W. T. Oakley filled his regular appointment here Saturday and Sunday.

Miss Ellen Franks, who has been sick for the last few weeks, is around again.

Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Deboe of Marion, were visiting friends here Saturday and Sunday.

Miss Mary Towery of Fishtrap, visited Agnes Lamb Sunday.

Fred Horning left here Saturday for Illinois, to spend the year with his brother farming.

J. M. Walker and family passed through this neighborhood greatly excited Sunday morning, firing at a mad dog, which was killed after considerable trouble.

John Stewart is all smiles over the new ten pound boy.

Uncle Bennett Crider is seriously ill at his home on Piney.

J. Frank Conger received stock at Thos Hurst's Friday and Saturday.

Jim Thomas is on the sick list at present.

### REPTON.

Mr. Henry, of Wheatecroft, visited his son, James Henry, at this place last week.

Mr. Oscar Johnson and wife and Mrs. Rosie Denney visited J. A. Denny and family Saturday and Sunday.

Mr. John Dalton was in Marion on Saturday.

Mr. Smith and wife of Beaver Dam, Ky., are visiting his brother,

Edgar Smith, of this place.

We learn that Mr. Geo. B. Woodring will move back to his farm near this place.

W. S. Jones attended church at Sugar Grove Sunday.

Mr. Hartfield, traveling salesman for a Paducah dry goods house, was in our midst last Saturday.

W. S. Jones' store was broken into Sunday night and several pairs of shoes and pants and shirts and dry goods stolen, the amount estimated between \$25 and \$30. They were slick; they took the shoes out of the boxes and then put them back on the shelves.

Jim Henry was at Wheatecroft last Monday.

Jim Burton made a flying trip to Sullivan Sunday.

Mr. J. H. Smith is breaking oats ground.

Hello, old fellow; you will get to go skating yet.

### DEAN SCHOOL HOUSE.

Mont Merrill is on the sick list.

Miss Nannie Moore, of Marion is visiting Mrs. W. T. Terry.

Mesdames W. G. Conditt, W. T. Terry and her guest, Miss Moore dined with Miss Nannie Dean Tuesday.

Miss Mary Towery of Fishtrap, visited Agnes Lamb Sunday.

A dog belonging to J. R. Marvel went mad recently. The dog snapped Mr. Marvel on the hand but did not break the skin. His hands however, were chapped, and hence he is somewhat alarmed.

Cleghorn Bros. are getting out a lot of ties on the Joe Hughes (col.) land.

Our good friend James Carse Gilbert stole a march on us last week by slipping down to Kuttawa and being united in matrimony to Miss Alice Hamilton. Congratulations and a bon voyage to the happy couple.

Mr. John Robinson, who lives near Memphis mines accidentally fell and broke his leg last week.

Mrs. J. T. Terry is visiting her son Clarence at Sheridan.

### FORDS FERRY.

The river is falling.

Winter has come at last, ice houses all full.

Corn cribs are being emptied.

The wheat in this section looks well after the big snow.

Most every one has a bad cold.

Not much sickness in our midst at present.

Mrs. Bettie Lose has a bad case of LaGrippe.

Mrs. Deze Clement was in our town Tuesday, after some clever seed.

W. B. Wilborn attended services at Dunn Springs Sunday.

Mrs. Deze Clement had a fine mate to die Tuesday.

Several of our people attended county court.

W. B. Wilborn is going to put in a fine pair of stock scales then he will be ready for the farmers and will pay top prices.

Miss Ruth Cook visited her parents Friday and Saturday and then returned to Marion to take her place in her classes.

Claud Springs got badly hurt Saturday night, by being thrown from a mule.

Mrs. A. son, A. U.

Plenny S. Steam Laundry week.

I have good plant beds.

Senator P. from Frankfort Sunday.

Dr. M. Ray

lived in the city blinds.

Novel L. Pie

and his father, S. D. last week.

Herbert Whit

was the gu

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NOT NOTORIOUS FOR CHEAPNESS IS OUR RULE: And to this we attribute the steady increase in our business. If Square Dealing, Good Quality and Low Prices will suit you, we are ready to serve you.

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COMING IN ALMOST DAILY  
AND THE FIRST PURCHASERS  
ALWAYS GET THE CHOICEST  
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NO TROUBLE TO SHOW GOODS  
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Now is the time when it is true economy to spend money for

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As we save you money on each purchase

GOOD HEALTH NEVER GOES  
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ARE THE BEST MADE

Our line of Carpets, Druggets, Mattings, Lace Curtains, Window Shades, Lace and Embroideries are Unsurpassed.

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R. J. Morris, dentist.

Vegetated Calomel never gripes.

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Take your eggs to Hicklin Bros.

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Coffee, the best in the south.

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G to Hicklin Bros., for corn, 4 cans for 25 cents.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Tonkin have returned from Arkansas.

Mrs. Henry Rice, of Kelsey, visited friends in the city last week.

Miss Lillian Moore, of Sheridan, is the guest of Miss Grace Moore.

Fresh bread every day.

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I have good fertilizer to go on plant beds.

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New stock china, glass and queens-ware at unheard of prices.

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Wanted.—A good house girl to do general family work to go to Hankinson, N. D. Mrs. W. H. Berndt, of G. W. Cannan city.

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W. H. Crider, of Phillips county, who has been visiting friends this county for the past month, for his home Tuesday.

FARM FOR SALE.—The James place, 14 miles east of Marion, a comfortable house, barn and stable, fruit trees and plenty of stock at a bargain. C. J. Haury, Marion, Ky.

10 bars of soap for 25c at Hicklin Bros.

R. F. Haynes was in Evansville Tuesday.

A. J. Baker, was in Princeton Tuesday.

R. J. Morris, dentist. Office over Marion Bank.

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Nice fresh groceries at Morris & Yates.

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E. S. Conger, of White Sulphur, was in Marion Tuesday.

Dr. O. C. Cook, of Crayneville, was in the city Monday and Tuesday.

Best on earth, Chase & Sanborn's Chicago coffee. Morris & Yates.

Tolu quarterly meeting will be held at Hurricane church Wednesday March 7th.

FOR SALE!—A Stephens sporting and hunting rifle; a bargain.

S. M. Jenkins.

Miss Clara Nunn, of Rodney, is attending Lockyear's Business College at Evansville.

FOR SALE.—Two good driving ponies—Cheap for cash.

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Squire W. H. Asher has his first tax receipt. It calls for 65 cts. and was paid by him in 1849 to Frank Ford, who was then sheriff.

Quarterly meeting will be held at Rosebud, Shady Grove charge, next Saturday and Sunday, Feb. 24-25, by the presiding elder Rev. Virgil Elgin.

Elder Rose, of the Christian church, has moved to Marion from Elizabethtown, Ill., and has taken rooms in the Whitehouse residence on Bellville street.

Squire E. W. Jones, a well known citizen of the Crayneville vicinity, was stricken with paralysis Monday and his family and friends were much alarmed over his condition.

Mrs. W. D. Wallingford returned from Evansville Tuesday night where she has been to attend her sister, Miss Phoebe Rochester, who is in the hospital there.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Blue will leave next week for Ardmore and Milburn, I. T. to visit Mr. Blue's sisters Mrs. J. J. Clark, of Milburn, and Miss Nona Blue and Mrs. Chas. Evans, of Ardmore.

Water Weder, an expert on boilers was here from the Heilman Machine Works, of Evansville, doing some repair work on the boilers of the Marion Electric Light and Ice Co's plant Wednesday.

Give us your order and it will receive prompt attention. Next Door to Nunn & Tucker.

PHONE 155.

Flour \$4.50 per barrel at Hicklin Bros.

R. J. Morris, dentist. Office over Marion Bank.

Rev. J. R. King, of Blackford, was in Marion Friday.

Send us your family washing. It will be done neatly and promptly.

Wilson Laundry.

S. A. Johnson, of Sheridan, returned Wednesday from Lake Village Ark. where he visited his daughter, Mrs. John Hammonds.

H. K. Woods and wife leave today for New Orleans to attend the Mardi Gras. While there they will be the guests of Mr. Wood's aunt, Mrs. J. L. James.

Thomas Blackwell Coal company's celebrated "Crab Orchard Coal," is handled exclusively by us; none better.

JOHN SUTHERLAND.

Phone 200

Miss Maud Kirksmith is an artiste on the violin. Her rendition of Leonard's "Martha" Caprice was marvelous.

At Rapid City, Mich. At the School Auditorium on next Saturday evening, Feb. 24th, 1906.

J. S. Stephens, of this city, brought to our office some of the largest corn cobs we have ever seen. One is seventeen inches long and others almost as long. The corn was raised by Squire J. R. Postlethwaite who says it grows to big to handle well. Who can beat it?

Miss Carrie Moore, of Hopkinsville, was the guest of her parents, Judge and Mrs. J. A. Moore, Saturday and Sunday.

Wm. Daughtrey, of Heber, Ark., is the guest of his son, Louis Daughtrey, and his grandson, Dr. W. T. Daughtrey.

In the absence of the pastor, Rev. J. R. McAfee, the pulpit at the Methodist church was filled Sunday night by Rev. J. F. Price.

Ex-Senator W. J. Deboe returned from Washington, D. C. Wednesday morning where he went in an effort to secure a pardon for Major Reed, son of Jno. P. Reed, who is serving a sentence in Ft. Leavenworth, Kan. for killing his father-in-law several years ago in Indian Territory.

Miss Daisy Higgins is an able artiste in her line.—Record Renova, Pa. At School Auditorium on Saturday evening, Feb. 24th.

John Sutherland baggage and freight transfer. Please call phone 200 or at my home number 125 and we will do the rest.

One of the features of the Donnelly & Hatfield's Magnificent Minstrels is the daily street parade. Opera House next Saturday night, Feb. 24.

Miss Nelle Walker has just completed two beautiful little cottages on Walker street. They are equipped with electric lights and all modern conveniences.

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Buggy and harness and all household furniture. Call on

J. M. PERSONS.

Bonnie Little Home For Sale.

The Roney cottage on Princeton St., good neighborhood, fine repairs,

a bargain. Apply to S. M. Jenkins

or to the owner J. M. PERSONS.

For Sale.

Buggy and harness and all household furniture. Call on

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For Sale.

7 good jacks, 15 to 15½ hands

high, 5 years old and up, good color,

good breeders, 1 saddle and harness

hay stallion 16 hands high, will sell

at bargain. Jno. C. HARDIN,

Hampton, Ky.

FOR SALE—One set of

blacksmith tools. Will sell cheap.

C. T. CLARK,

Phone 83-3. Salem, Ky.

FOR SALE—5 tons pea hay.

S. M. Jenkins.



0:0

Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Clifton enter-

tained a few friends at cards Wednes-

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0:0

Saturday evening from 7 to 10

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A merry time was spent during the

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ARM FOR SALE.—The James

place, 1½ miles east of Marion, comfortable house, barn and stable, fine spring water, 10 acres timber, 50 cedar poles 35 ft. across, at top.

S. M. Jenkins.

10 bars of soap for 25c at Hicklin Bros.

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Dealers in

Givens & Son

Fresh and Salted Meats

We have put in a large

Stock of Armour's Celebrat-

ed Cured Meats.

Hams Bacon Sausages

Head Cheese Liverwourth

Dressed Chickens

Give us your order and it will re-

ceive prompt attention. Next Door

to Nunn & Tucker.

PHONE 155.

## TAYLOR & CANNAN

### A Business For Sale.

On account of my wife's health I have decided to go to New Mexico, and therefore desire to dispose of my property here, consisting of store-room and lot near I. C. depot, and stock of goods contained in same; coal yard and business, including scales, wagons and teams; cold storage room and ice business, etc. A bargain for some one hat comes quick.

JOHN SUTHERLAND.

### SEVEN SPRINGS.

Rev George Summers filled his appointment here last Saturday and Sunday.

Misses Nellie, May and Miriam Travis of Emmaus, and Ed Perkins, of Frances, visited Mose L. Patton and wife Sunday.

Rev. J. C. Kinsolving and wife attended church at this place Sunday.

Mose Patton of this place was in Marion Monday and dined with his brother-in-law, T. J. Wring.

Forest Kinsolving, of Emmaus, attended church here Sunday and visited Burnie Patton.

Tom Patton of this place bought a nice mare from Forrest Oliver, last week.

Adge. Howard and wife of this place visited relatives near Emmaus Sunday.

Liner Dooms wife, of this vicinity, is very low with consumption.

Geo. Campbell, of this place, is moving to the Bennett farm.

Saturday is the day set for the people to meet at Seven Springs for the purpose of choosing a committee to make some arrangements in regard to the building of a new church at this place.

Mose Patton took a load of tobacco to Eddyville Friday.

We think so far this has been a very mild winter.



Miss Lizzie James and Mrs. Edgar

James have issued invitations to an "At Home" Thursday, Feb. 22nd.

0:0

Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Clifton entertained a few friends at cards Wednesday evening.

0:0

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The bride to be is an attractive young woman and a fine musician. She is quite popular, and justly so, with a large circle of friends.

The prospective groom is a native of Chrisney, Ind. but has resided here for a year past and holds a responsible position with the Marion Electric Light & Ice Co. He has made many warm friends since coming to Marion who will congratulate him on winning the heart and hand of one of Marion's finest girls.

### For Sale.

Buggy and harness and all household furniture. Call on

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The Roney cottage on Princeton St., good neighborhood, fine repairs, a bargain. Apply to S. M. Jenkins or to the owner J. M. PERSONS.

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FOR SALE—One set of blacksmith tools. Will sell cheap. C. T. CLARK, Phone 83-3. Salem, Ky.

FOR SALE—5 tons pea hay. S. M. Jenkins.

## ROYAL Baking Powder

### Makes Clean Bread

With Royal Baking Powder there is no mixing with the hands, no sweat of the brow. Perfect cleanliness, greatest facility, sweet, clean, healthful food.

Full instructions in the "Royal Baker and Pastry Cook" book for making all kinds of bread, biscuit and cake with Royal Baking Powder. Gratis to any address.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

## LETTER FROM NEW MEXICO

Albert Wilborn a Former Marion Citizen, Writes an Interesting Letter

Tucumcari, N. M., Feb. 4, 1906. I will now undertake to tell something of this part of New Mexico as I see it.

I left Mannsville, I. T., Jan. 16, went to South McAlester, stayed over there till the 19th. Then I ticketed through to this place. The Choctaw being six hours late, dark caught us at Shawnee, Ok., so I can't tell you anything of the country between Shawnee and Amarillo, Texas. Arrived in Amarillo at 5:30 a. m. At 8 a. m. we took the Fort Worth and Denver for Dalhart, 87 miles farther on, thence over the Rock Island, 93 miles to this place, arriving here at 8:12 a. m.

Tucumcari is quite a nice town of 200 as good people as I ever met. The town is up to date in every respect, the people are accommodating and clever. The town is lighted by electricity and has waterworks. The cost of living is about the same as at Ardmore.

Now, something of the country. Three miles south is Tucumcari Mt. It stands alone, round as a potato hill, its peak mounting heavenward nearly two thousand feet and can be easily seen from Texas. Away to the south, east and west, mountain after mountain seems to stand as a barrier against any one passing beyond them, yet in the valley between these mountains are hundreds of thousands acres of fine land as is to be found anywhere. The soil is a dark red loam with just enough sand to make it just right for cultivation. The climate is just simply splendid. The air is so dry and pure that when he gets out of the morning he is glad he is living.

The water is soft and as clear as a crystal and can be found in exhaustible quantities from 8 to 140 feet, depending on the different localities. In the locality in which my claim is situated, water in an inexhaustible supply is found at a depth of from 16 to 25 feet. My claim is eight miles due east from this city.

I came in last evening from a three days' trip south in and around Mesa Pineo mountains. The land is being rapidly taken. Every train from the east brings in crowds of homeseekers and not one in a dozen leaves without filing. Many file one day, move out the next and start a team to breaking the sod. Two small horses are sufficient to a No. 10 plow.

The outlook for agriculture is all that one could ask for. Farmers who came here two years ago have plenty and seem contented and happy. Yet I could not advise anyone to come here without some means, as it takes some money to start farming. House to build, land to fence, a living to be had until a crop is made, yet some of them tell me that they landed here with less than five dollars and have lived and now have a fair start. Cedar posts for fencing can be had in the mountains free of cost. Dry goods, groceries, etc., are as cheap as anywhere.

In conclusion I would not persuade anyone to come here on my say so if I could, but will say, if you are tired of living out of doors and paying rent, why just come and see for yourselves.

ALBERT WILBORN

### Galveston's Sea Wall

makes life now as safe in that city as on the higher uplands. E. W. Goodloe, who resides on Dutton St., in Waco, Texas, needs no sea wall for safety. He writes: "I have used Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption the past five years and it keeps me well and safe. Before that time I had a cough which for years had been growing worse. Now it's gone." Cures chronic Coughs, La Grippe, Croup, Whooping Cough and prevents Pneumonia. Pleasant to take. Every bottle guaranteed at Woods & Orme's drug store. Price 50¢ and \$1.00. Trial bottle free.

WANTED—District Managers to post signs, advertise and distribute samples. Salary \$18.00 weekly, \$3.00 per day for expenses. State age and present employment. IDEAL SHEAR CO., 39 Randolph Street, Chicago.

### The Commodores of Comedy.

One of the features of a minstrel show is its monologue. The monologist nowadays is always selected from the front ranks of minstrelsy. A decided novelty in the way of a double monologue will be given by Tommy Donnelly and Harry C. Shunk with the Donnelly & Hatfield Magnificent Minstrels this season. Both of the gentlemen have been associated with the Al G. Field Greater Minstrels for years and both have made reputations for themselves as monologue artists of the highest class. Mr. Donnelly is considered one of the best negro delineators in the business. Mr. Shunk is conceded to be one of the best singing comedians on the minstrel stage today. In their double monologue they are at their with up to date songs and sayings. They will appear at the opera house Saturday night, Feb. 24th.

### Draughon's Chain of 26 Colleges.

Elsewhere will be found an advertisement of Draughon's Practical Business Colleges located at Paducah, Ky., Evansville, Ind., St. Louis, Mo., El Paso, Texas, Jackson, Miss., Memphis, Tenn., Fort Worth, Galveston, San Antonio, Waco, Denison, Texas, Oklahoma City, O. T., Shreveport, La., Little Rock, Fort Smith, Ark., Muskogee, I. T., Kansas City, Mo., Ft. Scott, Kans., Nashville, Tenn., Atlanta, Ga., Raleigh, N. C., Columbia, S. C., Knoxville, Tenn., and Montgomery, Ala. A chain of twenty-six colleges located in thirteen states. Established sixteen years. Incorporated \$300,000.00 capital. Seventeen bankers on Board of Directors. Draughon's chain of Colleges secure positions for those who take the guarantee course or refund every cent of money paid for tuition. For catalogue address J. F. Draughon, Pres't., at any of the above places.

### CASTORINA.

Bear the *Castorina* *the kind you like* *Money Back*  
Signature of *Pat Fletcher*

### Coal Oil as a Medicine.

"Coal oil will knock any cold silly" remarked a Neodesha doctor. "The idea of drinking coal oil may seem repugnant to some esthetic tastes, but one tablespoonful will fix the most stubborn cold in the head or body.

Turpentine is another fine thing for general conditions. I firmly believe that if a man will take fifteen to twenty drops of turpentine in sugar every two months he will never be really sick. It's an internal Turkish bath in effect and leaves the system thoroughly cleansed and in good shape to take on new strength. There is no excuse for a cold and it is a dangerous thing to pass by.

### In Self Defense

Major Hamm, editor and manager of the Constitutional, Eminence, Ky., when he was fiercely attacked, four years ago, by piles, bought a box of Bucklen's Arnica Salve, of which he says: "It cured me in ten days and no trouble since. Quickest healer of Burns, Sores, Cuts and Wounds, 25¢ at Woods & Orme's drug store.

John Southerland, sole agent for he celebrated "Crab Orchard Coal," coal and wagon yard and fine scales at I. C. depot. Phone 200.

### HAS IT OCCURRED TO YOU WHY

So many wheat flaked foods have come and gone? Lack of quality of course. The richness that is distinctively noticeable in Cream Crisp gives it a taste quality unequalled. This accounts for growing business.



Start now and get full value for your dime. Ask your Grocer and accept no substitutes.

### NOTICE

#### To Kentucky Female Orphan School Graduates

All graduates of the above named school are requested to send name and address to K. F. O. S., Midway, Ky., that each may receive an invitation to a house party to be given the Alumnae in May. Send name whether or not circumstances favor attendance. ELLA JOHNSON, Principal K. F. O. S.

### Uprising Reported in China

San Francisco, Feb. 15.—Officers of the steamer Dorie bring a news dispatch from two British gunboats bound to Canton just before their departure for the Orient. They steamed up to Canton on secret orders. At that time it was reported there was an uprising in the Sunning district, near Canton, and magistrates and many people killed. It is stated that the rebels had gathered their forces, and were marching on Sunning City, the inhabitants of the district fleeing to Macao. In Canton the American boycott is most rigid. Messages from San Francisco Chinese merchants, urging a continuance of the boycott, are posted on walls. In addition to the anti-foreign agitation in Canton there is also an anti-dynastic movement. Officers learned that in Canton Hunan braves are being drilled, with a view of taking an active part in the uprising against the present dynasty.

### Lame Back.

This ailment is usually caused by rheumatism of the muscles and may be cured by applying Chamberlain's Pain Balm two or three times a day and rubbing the parts vigorously at each application. If this does not afford relief, bind on a piece of flannel slightly dampened with Pain Balm, and quick relief is almost sure to follow. For sale by Woods & Orme, The Leading Drug Store in Western Kentucky.

### Gives Life for His Master.

Sterling, Ky., Feb. 15.—A faithful shepherd dog today gave his life in a vain effort to save his master, Ernest Maberry, from death in Rock river. When Maberry fell into the icy water the dog plunged in after him, but was unable, on account of the boy's frantic struggles, to pull him to shore. When the bodies were recovered a short time later the boy's arms were clasped around the neck of the dog.

### Trapped on a Trestle

News-Democrat: Mrs. Jos. Henly, of Littleville, wife of the Illinois Central car inspector, is dead, and her husband's aunt, Mrs. Fannie Prince, is seriously injured, as the result of a fall late Wednesday from a trestle between the Union station and the shops on the Illinois Central railroad, leading from the main yards to the Union station, of the Louisville division.

The women were knocked from the trestle by a slowly moving caboose, of a slowly moving train, or Mrs. Henly jumped, pulling her sister with her. Mrs. Henly died at 6 o'clock Wednesday at her home. Mrs. Prince is at the Riverside hospital suffering untold agony from a cup compound fracture of the left leg and internal injuries.

### Men Past Sixty in Danger.

More than half mankind over sixty years of age suffer from kidney and bladder disorders, usually enlargement of prostate gland. This is both painful and dangerous, and Foley's Kidney Cure should be taken at the first sign of danger, as it corrects irregularities and has cured many old men of this disease. Mr. Rodney Bennett, Rock Port, Mo., writes: "I suffered with enlarged prostate gland and kidney trouble for years and after taking two bottles of Foley's Kidney Cure I feel better than I have for twenty years although I am now 91 years old."

It is easy enough to be pleasant. When life goes along like a song. But the man worth while. Is the man with a smile. When everything goes "dead wrong."

# A New Magazine for You

I am bringing out another new magazine that you will come pretty close to liking. I wouldn't be surprised if it hit you harder than anything in the shape of a magazine you have ever seen. There isn't much style to it, but it has the stuff in it that you and everybody else will want to read. It is called



### Something New in Magazine Making

THE SCRAP BOOK is the most elastic thing that ever happened in the way of a magazine—elastic enough to carry anything from a tin whistle to a battleship. Everything that appeals to the human brain and human heart comes within its compass—fiction, which is the backbone of periodical circulation; biography, review, philosophy, science, art, poetry, wit, humor, pathos, satire, the weird, the mystical—everything that can be classified and everything that cannot be classified. A paragraph, a little bit, a saying, an editorial, a joke, a maxim, an epigram.

### Nothing Like It in the World

There isn't anything in the world just like THE SCRAP BOOK. It is an idea on which we have been working for several years, and for which we have been gathering materials. We have bought hundreds and hundreds of scrap books from all over the country, some of them a century old, and are still buying them. From these books we are gathering and classifying an enormous number of gems, and facts and figures, and historical and personal bits that are of rare value. Furthermore, we have a corps of people ransacking libraries, reading all the current publications, the leading daily papers, and digging out curious and quaint facts and useful facts and figures from reference book, cyclopedia, etc., etc.

Don't fail to get a copy of this first issue of THE SCRAP BOOK. It sells at the price at which all our other magazines sell—Ten Cents a Copy and One Dollar by the Year.

On all news stands or from the publisher

FRANK A. MUNSEY, 175 Fifth Avenue, New York

### Hickman Plant Leased.

Hickman, Ky., Feb. 12.—The Hickman Light and Water plant at Hickman, Ky., were Saturday afternoon leased to the Hickman Ice and Coal company for a period of five years, with the privilege of renewal to twenty years.

The city of Hickman became tired of ruining the municipal plants at a loss, it is understood, and decided to allow a private company, which can do it cheaper, and by using the best men and material, do it better, to take charge.

### Pat Crowe, the Kidnapper.

Omaha, Nebraska, Feb. 15.—Interest reached its height yesterday in the trial of Pat Crowe, alleged kidnapper of Eddie Cudahay, when the State sought to introduce a letter which E. A. Cudahay Sr., testified to having received from Rev. Father Murphy, a Catholic priest of Viola, Ia. The letter was alleged to be a confession signed by Pat Crowe, and the state sought to show by expert witnesses that the signature was written by Pat Crowe.

The defendant objected and the jury was taken from the court room while the objections to the introduction of the letter were being argued. The letter among other things offered to return twenty-one thousand dollars to Cudahay if the case against Crowe was permitted to drop.

Crowe is the man who is charged with having kidnapped Eddie Cudahay, son of the millionaire beef packer, at Omaha several years ago.

Crowe is the man who is charged with having kidnapped Eddie Cudahay, son of the millionaire beef packer, at Omaha several years ago.

Has Stood the Test 25 Years.

The old, original Grove's Tastless

Chill Tonic. You know what you

are taking. It is iron and quinine

in a tastless form. No cure. No pay.

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### Mining Machinery and Steam Fittings of all Kinds

Repair work of all kinds given prompt attention. Well pumps, steam pumps, pump fittings and all kinds of repairs handled at reasonable prices and satisfaction guaranteed.

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MARION, KENTUCKY.

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POSITION \$50 per month GUARANTEED or money refunded, or you may

return the tuition out of salary after graduating. Novacation. Enter-

any time. In thoroughness and reputation D. P. B. C. are to other

Business what Harvard University is to Academies. 7,000 students

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STUDY | Study by mail, you are not satisfied. Write for prices.

Paducah, Ky.

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REV. J. F. PRICE

## SUNDAY SCHOOL TEACHERS' TRAINING CLASS

### LESSON XX.

Saturday's reading, "The Gentile Woman's Faith," is the S. S. lesson for June 3. G. T. Mt. 15:28.

### DAILY MANNA.

Sunday, Feb. 25, Storm, Christ walking on the water, Mt. 14:22-23;

[Mk. 6: 46b-52; Jno. 6:15-21.]

Monday, Feb. 26, Visit to Gennesaret, Mt. 14:34-36; Mk. 6:53-56.

Tuesday, Feb. 27, Discourse on the bread of life, Jno. 6:22-71

Wednesday, Feb. 28, Christ remains in Galilee, Jno. 7:1,

Thursday, Mar. 1, Discourse on unwashed hands, Mt. 15:1-20; Mk. 7:

[1-23.]

Friday, Mar. 2, Journey northward, Mt. 15:21; Mk. 7:24.

Saturday, Mar. 3, Daughter of the Syro-Phoenician woman healed, Mt.

15:22-28; Mk. 7:25-30.

### HELPS TO STUDY.

With Christ's leaving Galilee and his journey northward, we begin the study of the sixth period of his life, the period of retirement.

In this week's readings we have two important discourses—"the bread of life" and "purification"; also two important miracles—"Christ's walking on the water" and "his healing the daughter of the Syro-Phoenician." About the fourth watch of the night he came to them on the sea; between 3 and 6 a. m. This was the Roman method of reckoning time. They divided the night into four watches of three hours each. The Jews made three watches of four hours each. v.52, "For their heart was hardened." "Heart" in the Bible denotes the center and source of man's spiritual activities, including the intellect, the sensibilities, the will. (Mk. 2:8; 3:5.)

The discourse on the bread of life was spoken to many of the 5000 who had been fed. They had wholly failed to see the true significance of the sign of miracles, but followed him simply to have their hunger satisfied. He showed them that the manna the fathers ate in the wilderness could not give them eternal life, but that it was the symbol of himself, the true Bread of Life. He speaks to them, not of any physical process, but of a spiritual appropriation of himself which takes place through following the teaching which he utters. He who studies his words earnestly and faithfully, so that they become the ruling force of his life, eats the flesh and drinks the blood of Jesus; for the teaching of Jesus is the expression of his character. To conform to it is, therefore, to make one's own character like that of Jesus. So he explains also the figure of the vine and the branches (Jno. 15:7, 8).

At about this time the Scribes and Pharisees sent a delegation from Jerusalem (Mk. 7:1; 3:2). Jesus had a controversy with them, and with unspared plainness denounces them as hypocrites who were making void the Word of God by the traditions of men. The traditions of the elders is that body of teachings and usages in regard to the divers washings and ceremonial purifications of the Jews which had gradually grown up among the Pharisees (Gal. 1:14). These regulations were religious, not sanitary or matters of social propriety. These traditions had for the Pharisees all the force and sacredness of law; even as in modern times many Christians are apt to be more tenacious of the usages and traditions of their church than studious of the Scriptures to find out the real truth, or deeply anxious for the salvation of souls. In this question of defilement the contrast is between physical food that goes into the man, and moral action which proceeds from him. "All these evil things proceed from within and defile the man." The evil that mends, their evil thoughts and deeds, do not simply show their wickedness, but defile them, make them wicked. We are the creators of our own evil character by giving vent to our evil tendencies.

The salient features of the Later Galilean Period are organization, instruction of the Twelve, evangelization; popularity at the beginning but waning at the end, and the opposition increasing. Despite the reception of Jesus with which his work in Galilee opened, it is now certain that not even here can be peacefully develop his kingdom, and that the faith to ultimate success is by the way of rejection and death. The most definite positive results of these months of work in the little band of twelve who, however imperfect their ideas of Jesus' kingdom and person, are yet living with him, faithful to him and willing to be led and taught by him. The conditions in Galilee were no longer favorable for further evangelistic work. Thus the period which opened with popularity ends with disappointment on the part of the multitude, abandonment of him by his many followers, and intensified opposition on the part of the Pharisees. It need not surprise us to find the next period opening with the withdrawal of Jesus into temporary retirement. Phoenicia, of which Tyre and Sidon were the principal cities, was at this time included in the Roman province of Syria. This, doubtless, was the first time Jesus had ever gone outside Jewish territory since a child. This journey was not for preaching, but for retirement, and for intercourse with his disciples. This woman is called a Syro-Phoenician by race to distinguish her from the Carthaginians, or African Phoenicians.

The Gospel must first be preached to the Jew, but it is equally adapted to the Gentile.

### TOPICS FOR STUDY.

- 1 Gennesaret.
- 2 Jewish purifications.
- 3 Corban.
- 4 The temptation of Christ in his ministry.
- 5 The bread of life.
- 6 The true idea of sin.
- 7 Tyre and Sidon.

### SEARCH QUESTIONS.

1 What and where is Gennesaret? 2 Paraphrase Jno. 6:22-24. 3 What is the one idea that Jesus is reiterating in Jno. 6:34-40? 4 What prejudice does Jesus combat in Jno. 6:43-57, and what is the thought with which he constantly opposes it? 5 What misunderstanding of Jesus' thought do the Jews express in Jno. 6:52, and how does Jesus answer them? 6 How were many of Jesus' disciples affected by this strange teaching v60? 7 What is Jesus' own interpretation of his language concerning eating his flesh? 8 How were some of the disciples affected by the teaching even as thus explained (v 66-)? 9 What was the effect upon the Twelve? 10 What is the one great teaching that you gain by this discourse? 11 What custom of the Pharisees did the disciples of Jesus violate (Mk. 7:2)? 12 What other similar customs did the Pharisees observe? 13 What was the general name for all these usages? 14 Were these prized for their social, or for their religious value? 15 What was Jesus' answer to the Pharisees who asked him why his disciples disregarded their traditions? 16 What does "Corban" mean, and what was the Corban usage? 17 To what does Jesus appeal as evidence of the truth of his statement (Mk. 7:18, 19)? 18 How does this principle affect the law of clean and unclean meats? 19 Upon whom does it put the responsibility for each man's sin? 20 What solemn warning applicable to each of us does it convey? 21 What are the salient features of this period of the Galilean ministry? 22 What constitutes this a crisis in the ministry of Jesus? 23 What do the words

"Greek" and "Syro-Phoenician" in Mk. 7:26 and "Canaanitish" in Mt. 15:22 mean? 24 What general and wide-sweeping principles are suggested in this miracle?

### GENERAL QUESTIONS.

1 What period of Christ's life do we now begin to study? 2 What two miracles this week? 2 What two discourses? 4 What was the difference between the Roman and Jewish method of reckoning time? 5 To whom was the discourse on the bread of life spoken? 6 What deputation came to him from Jerusalem?

### A RIVAL TO MAMMOTH CAVE

#### Kentucky Turn up another Big Cave Full of Wonderful Things

Danville, Ky. Feb. 14.—A Cave has been discovered near Danville, Ky., two miles east of Perryville, which, it is believed, will rival the famous Mammoth cave in Edmondson county.

While hunting minks and other varmints valuable for their furs, on the banks of Salt river, in a secluded section last week, Irving Parks discovered a large entrance leading from the river banks into the earth. He followed the subterranean opening for a half mile when he encountered a river between 50 and 75 feet wide. Returning to Perryville he told of the discovery, and a party composed of John Mitchell, Eugene Carpenter, Josiah and Geo. Godbey, and Mr. Parks visited the cave; they were equipped with lanterns and sufficient food to last for several days. The party returned last night, and say they covered a distance of eight miles underground but did not reach the end of the cave.

After passing the river, which was not more than two feet deep at any point, the bottom of the cave was comparatively dry, and the atmosphere was cool and refreshing, the cold wave having come on after they entered the cave they became chilly and emerged from the region of darkness.

They say that the natural features are grand to behold. Another party will make explorations of the cave on Monday, and they propose to go to the end of it. Many wild varmints were discovered by the explorers. They returned with seven coons and five opossums. One of the coons tipped the beam at fifty pounds and was the largest one ever seen in this section.

It has been an old tradition that there was a big hole in the mountain somewhere in that section and now the mystery is solved.

#### Wanted.

Local representatives to handle the sale of our new Unrivaled series of charts and surveys, showing every state and county; reliable historical and descriptive matter beautifully illustrated. We anticipate sale large enough to net our representatives from \$300 to \$500 in every county.

Address Rand, McNally & Co., Chicago, Ill.

#### Common Colds are the Cause of Many Serious Diseases.

Physicians who have gained a national reputation as analysis of the cause of various diseases, claim that if catching cold could be avoided a long list of dangerous ailments would never be heard of. Every one knows that pneumonia and consumption originate from a cold, and chronic catarrh, bronchitis, and all throat and lung troubles are aggravated and rendered more serious by each fresh attack. Do not risk your life or take chances when you have a cold. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy will cure it before the diseases develop. This remedy contains no opium, morphine or other harmful drug and has thirty years of reputation back of it, gained by its cures under every condition. For sale by Woods & Orme, The Leading Drug Store in Western Kentucky.

#### For Sale.

Scholarship in Draughon's Business College, Nashville, Tenn. Apply to

S. M. JENKINS.

CASTORIA. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bear the Signature of *Charles Fletcher*

### LETTER FROM WASHINGTON

NORTH YAKIMA, Feb. 4, 1906.—Editor Press: If you will please allow me space in your good paper I will try to write to our relatives and friends that are scattered over Caldwell, Crittenden and Livingston counties! There are a good many of them we never have written to as yet.

We have been in this state one year and nine months and we havent got anything ahead yet. You know this is said to be a great country, and I reckon it is. I havnt seen but very little of it yet, but what I have seen is fine.

There seems to be plenty of money here, but it's made today and spent tomorrow. I don't think it is the best place in the world for a poor man. I think there are other places just as good. There is so much of the time here that the market is glutted; I think I had rather be where there is not so much raised that there is no market for it. I don't wish to run the country down because I don't like it; there are other Kentuckians here that claim to be well satisfied, and would not leave for anything. I am glad they are pleased for it is not a pleasant way to live, to be so far from your own native state, and not satisfied.

That is one reason I don't like it, is too far from home. Then another thing it is too much of a mixed up place for me. I had rather be at home in my own native state, among my own kind of people.

We had bad luck last year. We made a crop of hops, expecting to make a few hundred dollars but the price this year was so low that we didn't clear anything. We made something like a thousand dollars but it took it all to pay the cost and expense of raising and harvesting the crop.

Farming expenses are so high that it seems to me that a person can't be any better off here than anywhere else, and land is so high that a poor man can not get a home of his own if he wanted one, unless he got it on time, and then there is not many that could live and have the patience to ever pay for it.

There is a few things about the country that I like and that is, the winter weather don't hurt a person as bad here as it does back east. Then the irrigation is a great thing it is nice to see how it makes things grow; and while it is a good thing in this way I believe that it causes sickness. It seems that the people are more healthy when the ditches are shut off than in the summer, when the ditches are all running and the water is spread out over the land. Then people begin to have what they call malarial fever and typhoid fever. Now there will be some who will not agree with me in what I am saying, but that will be all right, I am honest in what I am saying; this is what I think about it, though I may think wrong.

As for ourselves we have been taking Mikado's Gift to Miss Alice.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 14.—The wedding present of the Emperor of Japan to Miss Roosevelt consists of two silver vases and a valuable piece of Japanese embroidery; the embroidery consists of a piece of silk about eight feet square. Its left corner shows a background of heavy gold thread, but the greater part of the piece is embroidered with chrysanthemums, done with white silk on gold.

Secretary and Mrs. Bonaparte sent as their wedding gift a very handsome piece of the milieu of repoussé silver.

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XXX

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Bed Room Suits  
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World's Almanac and Encyclopedia  
Is on sale all over the United States

It is a volume of nearly seven hundred pages and sells for 25c. Sent by mail 35c.

A Reference Book of unusual value almost indispensable to any man of business, or in the professions.

It contains information on more than 1000 timely topics and presents over 10,000 facts such as arise daily for answering.

Election statistics, agriculture, financial, educational, railroads, shipping, etc., etc., through all the list of topics where new figures are most valuable. 35 columns of index.

Send for this "Standard American Annual." Address THE WORLD, Pulitzer Building, New York City.

## Great Relief

During that trying period in which women so often suffer from nervousness, backache, sick headache, or other pains, there is nothing that can equal Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills. They stop the pains, soothe the nerves, and give to

### Women

the relief so much desired. If taken on first indication of pain or misery, they will allay the irritable condition of the nerves, and save you further suffering. Those who use them at regular intervals have ceased to dread these periods. They contain no harmful drugs, and leave no effect upon the heart or stomach if taken as directed. They give prompt relief.

"I have been an invalid for 9 years. I have neuralgia, rheumatism and pains around the heart. By using Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills I am relieved of the pain and get sleep and rest. I think having been given of the Pain Pills when I was first taken sick, they would have cured me. I recommend them for periodic pains."

MRS. HENRY FUNK, E. Akron, O.

Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills are sold by your druggist. Who will guarantee that the first package will benefit if it fails, he will return your money.

25 doses, 25 cents. Never sold in bulk.

Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

### A Mystery Solved.

How to keep off periodic attacks of biliousness and habitual constipation was a mystery that Dr. King's New Life Pills solved for me," writes John N. Pleasant, of Magnolia, Ind. The only pills that are guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction to everybody or refunded. Only 25c at Woods & Orme's drug store.

### HARPER WHISKY



Famous at home for generations past; famous now all over the world.

For sale by Eberle, Hardin & Co.  
Marion, Ky.

WHITE'S Vermifuge  
THE GUARANTEED  
WORM REMEDY  
LADIES' FAVORITE TONIC  
Snow Liniment  
ST. LOUIS, MO.  
Woods & Orme, Druggists

### CHAPEL HILL.

Mr. W. L. Adams informs me that he has his ice house filled with the finest five inch ice he has ever put up.

I have a good serviceable mare for sale; will work anywhere; a good, trusty animal, for buggy, sound in wind and limb; will sell for cash or on time with good note.

W. H. BIGHAM.

Sunday was Bro. Thompson's day at Chapel Hill and a nice congregation was present to listen to a fine sermon.

Mr. W. W. Ward and wife, and Master Iris, were the guests of W. Bigham's family Saturday and Sunday.

Mr. Corry Minner hurt one of his legs three or four weeks ago and it has given him much pain and trouble and has broke out into an eating sore, and he has become crippled with it.

Miss Ada Hill was the guest of her aunt, Mrs. Alice Allen, of Oak Grove, last week.

Mr. J. T. Bigham and wife, of Grayville, visited his father on last Sunday.

A pleasant birthday dinner Sunday, Feb. 18th, 1906, being the 69th anniversary of the birth of Mrs. Margaret Minner, was given by her son, J. C. Minner, and wife, with whom she lives. There were present her two brothers, J. W. and W. H. Adams, and wife her children, W. R. Minner and wife, M. E. Loyd, J. C. Minner and wife; also Wm. Loyd, J. F. Adams, Wm. Clark and Rev. A. J. Thompson; also a number of her grandchildren. A very pleasant time was spent and the splendid dinner was enjoyed to the full by every one present. Sister Minner has lived in this community many years. She is a member of the Methodist church, and an earnest, devout Christian. She is held in the highest esteem and is loved by every one, because of her kind, gentle and sweet ways; her life has been a benediction to all who have known her, and especially so to her own household. She and her sister, Mrs. Jane Crider, now dead have been all these years among the very best people in the country. Sister Minner has five children, W. E. Minner, Ellen M., T. H. and J. C. Minner, and Mary T. Walker. These are all well known and stand high in the estimation of the people.

### WESTON.

The mumps are raging at this place.

Miss Gertrude Rankin is visiting her aunt, Mrs. R. D. Frayser, at Cave-in-Rock this week.

Mrs. H. L. Sullivan and grandson, Louis Fritts, passed through here on Wednesday, en route home from Missouri.

Messrs. B. F. Gahagan and B. L. Hughes left Saturday night for Oñalaska, Ark.

Mr. J. P. Rankin and wife were guests of Frank Williams Saturday and Sunday.

Mrs. Joanna Heath left last week for her home in Tenn.

Mrs. J. S. Heath is still in very poor health.

Mr. Ed. Vaughn moved from this place to Blackford Monday. We regret to give them up for during their stay here they have made many friends.

Messrs. J. W. Delaney and Charley Hall, of Ill., were in this neighborhood last week trying to buy some mules.

### CRAYNEVILLE.

Will Dorroh has a cow with twin calves.

There was a pound supper at J. C. Carleton's Saturday night.

Mack Rushing has had a tin roof put on his dwelling.

J. F. Dorroh has moved into his own house.

Drs. Paris and Cook cut a tumor off of Will Manley's neck last week.

There was singing at W. H. Ordway's Saturday night.

W. T. Manley's family were the

guests of D. W. Brookshire's family last week.

### St. Louis Live Stock Market.

Reported by Evans-Snider-Buel Co., Live Stock Commission Agents.

Special to THE PRESS.

National Stock Yards, Ill., Feb. 21—A good moderate run of cattle early this week met with a slightly lessened demand as compared with a week ago. Beef and butcher cattle are selling slow to a dime lower. Outside of one 6 cent bunch there has been nothing good in the beef steer line. We sold several bunches of 100-day fed Kansas steers weighing 1277 to 1303 at \$5.10 to \$5.45, also a good many good quality light weights and plain quality heavy weights at \$4.75 to \$5.00. Best heifers brought \$4.75, prices ranging down to \$3.00 to \$3.75 for common lots. Best cows \$4.50, buk \$3.50 to \$4.00. Killers are strong competitors for all pretty good weight feeding steers that show any flesh. Not enough stockers and feeders coming to supply the demand.

Our bullish views on hogs are reflected in a 75 cent advance since Feb. 1st. The fancy price of \$6.30 was paid here Monday and Tuesday; \$6.25 sales being pretty plentiful and the bulk of the packing grades going at \$6.10 to \$6.20.

Sheep values practically unchanged; lambs a quarter lower. A fair grade of stockers selling at \$4.00 to \$4.35 and western lambs around \$6.65. Very few native sheep are coming.

Any reader of the PRESS is welcome to write us for more specific information than can be given in our space here.

Evans-Snider-Buel Co.

### FOR SALE.

I have for sale 15 three year-old mules ready for work. Will sell part cash, balance on time. Farmers in need of mules will find it to their interest to see me. Telephone 156. 2t8 R. H. KEMP, Marion, Ky.

### Macy's NEW YORK



### A Macy Xmas Bargain

\$2.09 Liberty Silk Throw Scarf, \$1.34

New York city well dressed women are wearing neck pieces these crisp December days to add jauntiness and finish to their costume as well as comfort. Women everywhere should wear one of these becoming Scarfs. What could be more appropriate as a Christmas gift than a pretty Scarf, made in style as illustrated, of plaited liberty silk and edged with shirred silk ribbon, forty-six inches long, and made in black, white, black edged with white or white with black? Price, \$1.34. Postage 6 cents extra. Each Scarf will be neatly packed in a box, and every order shipped the same day as received.

We will promptly and cheerfully refund your money upon return of the Scarf if it is not in every way satisfactory to you. This is our rule with all goods purchased from us.

If you haven't a copy of our General Catalogue in your house, write for it today. It will be sent you free of all charges.

He Will See Them.

"A prominent oculist says he never saw a pair of perfect eyes," said the woman who reads the newspapers.

"That," replied Miss Cayenne, "merely proves that the prominent oculist was never in love."—Washington Star.

The way to fame is like the way to heaven, through much tribulation.—Sterne.

Address Room 201

R. H. MACY & CO.  
NEW YORK

### MENTAL ATTITUDE.

#### It Has Much to Do With Winning Success in Life.

The mental attitude which we always hold toward our work or our aim has everything to do with what we may accomplish. If you go to your work with the attitude of a slave who goes lashed to his task and see in it only drudgery; if you work without hope, seeing no future in what you are doing beyond getting a bare living; if you see no light ahead, nothing but poverty, deprivation and hard work all your life; if you think that you were destined to such a hard life, you cannot expect anything else than that which you look for.

If, on the other hand, no matter how poor you may be today, you can see a better future; if you believe that some day you are going to rise out of humdrum work, that you are going to get up out of the basement of life into the drawing room, where beauty, comfort and joy await you; if your ambition is clean-cut and you keep your eye steadily upon the goal which you hope to reach and feel confident that you have the ability to attain it, you will accomplish something worth while. The direction of your effort will follow your eye. If that looks up as well as on, you will climb.

That one quality of holding persistently the faith in themselves and never allowing anything to weaken the belief that somehow they would accomplish what they undertook has been the underlying principle of all great achievers. The great majority of men and women who have given civilization a great uplift started poor and for many dark years saw no hope of accomplishing their ambition, but they kept on working and believing that somehow a way would be opened. Think of what this attitude of hopefulness and faith has done for the world's great inventors—how most of them plodded on through many years of dry, dreary drudgery before the light came, and the light would never have come but for their faith, hope and persistent endeavor.

What if they had listened to their advisers! Even those who loved them tried to beg them to give up the foolishness of coining their lives into that which would never be practical or useful. We are enjoying today thousands of blessings, comforts and conveniences which have been bequeathed us by those resolute souls who were obliged often to turn a deaf ear to the pleadings of those they loved best as they struggled on amid want and woe for many years.—Success.

### CHRISTMAS.

Negroes consider Christmas day the best in the year for a wedding.

Christmas was first celebrated as a feast of the Christian church about the year 190 A. D.

At Culdaff, in Ireland, the game of kammman, a sort of hockey, is played on Christmas day.

A leaf from Christmas decorations is preserved in Yorkshire as a remedy against toothache.

Scottish servants each endeavor to be the first to draw water from the well on Christmas morning.

It is an old Irish superstition that gold should not be paid away on Christmas day nor silver lent.

Christmas day at Cape Town is usually celebrated with picnics. The temperature averages 82 degrees.

On Christmas morning in Norway every gateway, gable or barn door is decorated with a sheaf of corn fixed on a tall pole in order that the birds may eat from it their Christmas dinner.

At the end of a week there came a cross eyed boy, with a switch, whose

To Make a Canary Sing.

Generally any kind of soft, sibilant noise will tempt a bird to sing. A canary hung in a kitchen will usually start his song if he hears, say, the fizzing of a frying pan. We utilize special devices to tempt the shy singer, who is perhaps rendered the more bashful by finding himself in novel surroundings. For this purpose we employ whistles and song organs, which artificially reproduce the "tours" of the roller. This latter method is found to be irresistible when all other plans have failed. The bird feels apparently that he is being challenged and forthwith responds to the challenge by pouring forth the best of his song.—London Post.

Vulcan.

Vulcan, the god of ancient blacksmiths and metal workers, was lame in consequence of a pretty hard fall he had in his early days. Jupiter and Juno had a row, and Vulcan sided with his mother against the old gentleman, who promptly kicked him out of heaven. He fell for a whole day and lighted on the island of Lemnos, broke his leg and received as severe a shaking up as though he had tumbled down an elevator shaft. Esculapius set his leg, but having only just received a diploma did a poor job, and for a long time Vulcan went on a crutch.

All at the Head.

Glass stands first of elastic substances, pearl is the heaviest of animal substances, mercury is the heaviest liquid, the heaviest woods are pomegranate and lignum vitae, cork is the lightest wood, and platinum is the most ductile metal, capable of being drawn so fine as to be invisible.

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### An Animal Story For Little Folks

#### A False Friend

There was once a crane who had for his very good friend a monkey. The monkey, who was extremely mischievous, got the crane into a great deal of trouble, but the worst thing he ever did I am going to tell you about.

The crane had seen a man playing on a flute and longed very much to do the



"WHY NOT?"

same. "Why not?" said the monkey. "Your beak will be the very thing. I'll drill the holes in it, through which you can blow sweet music."

The crane pranced for joy. "I can play at all the dances," he cried. For you must know that cranes are very fond of giving dances and going to dances. "All who listen will admire me. Miss Isabella Crane will gladly become my bride when I am a famous musician."

"No doubt," said the monkey, "and in your day of grandeur I hope you will remember that you owe it all to me."

But alas and alas! When the mischievous monkey got those holes drilled through the crane's beak not a sound could he make. Even his old cry, which was not very pretty, came strange and whistling. "I'm ruined!" cried the crane.

And it was so. The young crane lady whom he had hoped to marry said she did not desire a damaged article. All the other cranes cast him out and would have nothing to do with him. "This comes," said the monkey. "From being too ambitious. Who ever heard of a crane attempting to be a musician?"—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

### An Animal Story For Little Folks

#### The Bull That Remembered

One fine spring morning when the buttercups were full of butter there was standing in the meadow a long legged, and eyed little bull. It was a great day for him, for he had just come into this world, all green below and all white above, and everything was strange and queer, and his legs were wobbly and wouldn't go where he told them. He made the most of his first days in the world, for they were to be his happiest, though he didn't know it at the time.

At the end of a week there came a cross eyed boy, with a switch, whose

NOW IS MY CHANCE.

feet were bare and whose face was all covered with freckles. Our little friend did not like that boy's looks, and he liked less what he did, for he drove him from his mother, he beat him with the stick, he pulled his tail, he put him in a box stall in the stable all by himself, and when he cried for mother he fed him on a bottle with a nasty rubber top.

"You horrid boy!" said the little bull. "I'll get even with you for this if it takes me years to do it. You think I can't remember because I'm a dumb beast. But you wait!" All this he said out loud, but the boy only laughed. He couldn't understand. The years went by, and little Mr. Bull grew into big Mr. Bull, but he did not forget. Each day that freckled boy came near Mr. Bull would give a low grunt and say: "I can wait. I shan't forget." By and by the boy had grown to be a young man. He put on long pants and a tall coat. Mr. Bull had grown also and put on a fine pair of horns.

One day the boy was standing in the yard looking at his pigeons. Some one had left the gate to the pasture open. Mr. Bull remembered.

"Now is my chance," said he. He put down his head, he put up his tail, he made a bee line for that freckled boy.

The boy had forgotten, but when he crawled down off the barn roof he remembered. Boys, some animals have good memories. Look out!—Pittsburg Dispatch.

### Farmers and Merchants Bank

TOLU, KENTUCKY

Capital Stock \$15,000. Surplus & Undivided Profits \$2000

Offers you safe and convenient mode of handling money. We sell exchange payable in all parts of America. Time Lock Burglar Proof Safe. Every accommodation consistent with safe banking will be extended our patrons. We will appreciate your business.

P. B. CROFT, Pres., W. E. DOWELL, Vice-Pres., EDWARD SMITH, Cashier

Always Remember the Full Name  
Laxative Bromo Quinine  
Cures a Cold in One Day, Grip in Two.

*E. H. Grove* on Box. 25c.

### OUR WEEKLY NEW YORK LETTER

#### An Animal Story For Little Folks

#### The Superstitious Rooster

Midwinter Hats of Gauzy Stuffs. Modified Bandeaux a Noticeable Feature—Sweeping Plumes and Full Tulle Ruches—Bridesmaid Hats of Black Beaver and Pink Tulle.

By RENE DEVERAUX.

This is a season of evening hats, and chapeaux fluffy and soft as summer skies are a midwinter feature of theater costumes. With fashion's usual inconsistencies, as the weather grows colder headgear assumes more airy effects, cloudlike tulle ruches and long, sweeping plumes adding to the picturesqueness of box and restaurant parties.

Happily, as the season advances, back and side bandeaux have assumed more normal proportions, leaving the hat tilted, but a trifle more sane in appearance. Even so, however, there is still sufficient room for a superabundance of trimming, and many of the smartest evening hats have their bandeaux entirely covered with one long white ostrich feather. Short back sailor shapes fashioned of Irish crochet and other lace materials are taking the place of the decided bent plateau feasts, some of which are charmingly combined with fur and flowers.

Seen in a theater box last week was a straight brimmed hat of Irish crochet simply trimmed with a bunch of white aigrettes at the side, the back bandeau being covered with a full t

## GIFTED POLISH ACTRESS.

MADAME BERTHA KALICH IS WINNING FAME IN ENGLISH-SPEAKING PARTS.

Unfamiliar With English Language Six Years Ago. She Has Now Mastered Our Speech—One of a Race to Produce Famous Players.

With so much interest focused on happenings in Russia, it would be strange indeed if we did not receive a taste of Russian drama. The leading cities of the country are now centering their attention upon the Russian play "Monna Vanna" the title role of which is being essayed by Madame Bertha Kalich, a Polish actress who won fame in the Yiddish theatres on the Bowery in New York City.

Madame Kalich may not be considered a beautiful woman but through the naturalness of her acting she touches every spark of humanity that glows in the human breast. Six years ago she did not know a word of English, yet her entry at the present time of one of the most difficult of all speaking parts is remarkable. Not only does she speak English well but she is familiar with five other languages—German, Polish, Russian, French and Yiddish. For years she has been acting at the Russian and Hebrew theatres of New York City. Her first appearance in an English speaking play was a year or so ago when she played the title part in "Fedora." Her earlier performances were disappointing but at the end of a fortnight she made a profound impression upon her audience.

## TRAPPERS' PROSPEROUS TIMES.

## Furs Worth More Now Than For Past Thirty Years.

The many trappers operating along the northern border will reap a rich harvest the present winter, meaning many comforts, even luxuries, in the log cabins of scores of sturdy settlers in the wilds of the northern country, who are mainly dependent upon their traps during the cold months for a livelihood.

The settlers and professionals in the country directly tributary to the Great Lakes look to mink, marten and otter for their trapping operations profitable, and the pelts of these little animals at present command a higher price than at any time during the past thirty years, while there has been a decided slump in the prices paid for furs from the black, blue and silver fox which bring only \$50 each now, where a year or two ago they were as high as \$300 apiece.

Last winter \$4.50 was considered a good price for a mink pelt, and it wasn't more than a season or two back that \$2.50 was the highest paid for a single pelt of this kind. Now a choice raw mink fur will bring \$11, and a marten pelt from \$18 to \$20, where \$6 or \$7 was paid last winter. An otter skin is worth \$22 just as it comes from the trapper's hands, which is away above any price paid for more than thirty years. Quite a few fisher are caught through northern Minnesota and these are worth from \$8 to \$10. Beaver are very scarce in this state. They are worth from \$7 to \$9 each.

The higher prices paid for furs will also prove a boon to the Minnesota

## UNCLE SAM'S SECOND NAVY.

## GOVERNMENT MAINTAINS TRAINING SCHOOL FOR REVENUE OFFICERS.

Plenty of Work and Study—Lack of Social Events a Feature of This Governmental School—Daily Regime of the Cadets.

Uncle Sam has one governmental school which, while little known, is well worthy to rank with West Point and Annapolis in the thoroughness of the mental and physical training which it gives its graduates. This unheralded educational institution is located at Arundel Cove on Chesapeake Bay, about six miles from the city of Baltimore, and its purpose is to prepare for their profession the cadets or future commissioned officers of the United States Revenue Cutter Service.

It is only within a few years that the general public has been awakening to a realization of the opportunities and advantages open to an officer in Uncle Sam's "police force of the sea," in consequence of which there has been of late a marked increase in the applications for admission to the cadet school. Any young man not less than 18 nor more than 25 years of age and not less than 5 feet 3 inches in height, if unmarried, eligible to appointment as a cadet, but no person should delude themselves with the idea that it is easy to get into the *cadet corps*, for the entrance examinations are quite as severe as those at either West Point or Annapolis.

However, all the examinations for the selection of cadets are strictly competitive. Political and social influences are entirely eliminated and this is unquestionably the most democratic school under the government. The cadet spends three years at the training school, each summer being devoted to a practice cruise on a bark-rigged vessel during which the young men get a taste of all kinds of sea duties and incidentally store up good health for the academic year, which extends from October to May.

The pay of a cadet is \$500 a year and a ration of 30 cents a day, out of which allowance he is required to purchase uniforms and textbooks and meet his mess expenses. The sum of \$10 per month is also withheld from the pay of each cadet in order that upon graduation he can purchase the uniform and outfit of a commissioned officer. When the cadet graduates he receives a commission as a third lieutenant in the Revenue Cutter Service at a salary of \$1,400 per year. Three promotions will bring him to the rank of captain with \$2,500 salary per year and an increase of ten per cent for each five years' service.

## A Strenuous Life.

The cadets at the training school on Chesapeake Bay lead a strenuous existence. They "turn out" at 6:30 o'clock in the morning and after half an hour allowed for dressing, report for drill which continues for forty-five minutes ere the call for breakfast is given. From 9 until 12:30 o'clock there are periods of study and recitation, then half an hour for recreation before dinner, which is served from one to two o'clock. In the afternoon there is more study and recitation with forty-five minutes' drill. Half an hour before supper and one hour after supper are allowed for amusement and then from 7 to 9 comes another study period. An hour of "sky-larking" closes the day and the cadets turn in at 10 o'clock.

During the three year interim the future Revenue Cutter officers acquire a wide range of book learning including mathematics, English, history, law, hygiene, seamanship, engineering, astronomy, chemistry, civil government, etc. Incidentally muscle building is looked after by means of the "setting up" and other athletic drills.

While the officers in charge of the training school for Revenue Cutter cadets fully realize that all work and no play makes for dullness, no such prom-

## BALDWIN'S NEW AIRSHIP.

## Believed by Experts to Surpass any Flying Machine Yet Constructed.

Captain Thomas Baldwin believes he has found a way to navigate the air with fair success. Captain Baldwin, it is known, is America's foremost aeronaut, having been engaged in the profession of sailing to the clouds longer and more continuously than any other citizen of the republic. He began ballooning in the ordinary way nearly a quarter of a century ago. Then he invented the modern type of parachute and in his inventing and experimenting, went from one thing to another until he hit upon the dirigible balloon type of airship.

In the past half decade Captain Baldwin, who makes his home in Los Angeles, California, has built five different sky craft, all on this general pattern but each different in many respects from its predecessor. He hopes to improve on even the new airship which has recently been completed, but the fact remains that this latest flying machine is so far superior to everything that has gone before it that it is well worthy of notice.

In the new airship the gas bag or balloon which lifts it has a capacity of 16,000 cubic feet of gas or nearly twice as much as the bag of the one which Captain Baldwin exhibited at the St. Louis Exposition. It is made of Japan silk, oiled inside and out. From this bag there is suspended by means of a net of cotton seine twine a framework which contains the propelling and steering apparatus of the airship and which is known as the "keel." In Captain Baldwin's earlier inventions this was built of steel tubing and each frame cost \$700, but in the new airship the keel is of Oregon spruce, the lightest and strongest wood in existence.

## A Powerful Little Engine.

The engine which furnishes power for driving the balloon is located about midway on the keel. It consists of a gasoline motor very similar to those in use on motor-cycles. The motor weighs about 75 pounds, is capable of 3,000 revolutions per minute, and able to develop 7½ horsepower, but it is seldom if ever that so much energy is required even when the aerial flyer is facing a heavy wind.

Attached to the keel at the forward end of the airship is the propeller, which is eleven feet in diameter and has two 18 inch blades of painted canvas. These blades whirl around at the rate of two hundred times per minute, but it will be observed that this propeller is at the forward end of the ship instead of at the stern, where it might naturally be looked for, and this gives the keynote to one of Captain Baldwin's most important inventions, namely, the scheme of having the rapidly revolving propeller pull the ship through the air instead of pushing it as a ship is pushed through the water.

Nearly fifty feet from the propeller, at the other end of the keel is the rudder by which the steering is accomplished. This rudder is about six by eight feet in size and consists of canvas stretched upon a wooden frame.

Attached to the framework of the keel is also a tank which is capable of holding two gallons of gasoline. The navigator of the new Baldwin airship has nothing in the way of a platform on which to stand, but must balance himself on the skeleton framework of the keel, bracing himself by means of the net which suspends the keel from the gas bag.

Baldwin's new airship cost him more than \$1,800 and by reason of the gas required to inflate it as well as other expenses, each ascension costs in the neighborhood of \$250. The hydrogen gas which is employed to lift the balloon and to maintain it in a position where the propeller can do its work is manufactured by combining iron filings or borings, sulphuric acid and water on the basis of one part acid and one part iron to four parts water. This gas is generated in a big tank

## THE NATION'S FORESTS.

## BRILLIANT ADDRESS AT ANNUAL CONVENTION AMERICAN FORESTRY ASSOCIATION.

Secretary Wilson Sounds Warning Note on Forest Destruction—Million Acres Should Be Tree-planted—Everett Hale in Vigorous Speech.

Secretary Wilson has more than once manifested a deep interest in the question of American Forestry. Mr. Wilson has, in fact, for some years been elected and re-elected President of the American Forestry Association, a powerful organization, composed of public-spirited men throughout the country, which has probably done more than any other one influence to awaken national interest in the enormous destruction of the forests and the necessity for their business-like management and preservation, even to the reforestation of denuded areas and the planting of trees upon barren prairie lands.

That the movement in the United States is coming to be considered an important one is to some extent evidenced by the increased recognition of the subject by Congress, which is also due largely to Secretary Wilson's enthusiasm. When Mr. Wilson was appointed Secretary of Agriculture by President McKinley, his forestry division consisted of one forester, an assistant forester and five clerks and with an annual appropriation from

due to reckless and wasteful methods, he has seen the axman and the millman move westward, swiftly and surely mowing down everything in his course until there is practically no section he has left uninvaded.

At the present rate of timber cutting in the United States, 40 years from to-day there will be not an acre left of merchantable timber.

## Common Sense Forestry.

"What are we going to do?" asked Dr. Hale in his deep voice. "We must use both common sense and sentiment in dealing with the forest question. It is a very great question. The individuals interested in American forestry, even though they be millionaires or multi-millionaires, can not accomplish anything definite and lasting unless the states and the general government can be awakened to the necessity of giving the cause large and substantial assistance which it merits. Common sense in forestry means that the forestry question should be put upon a business basis. In order to make a large, immediate profit forests are destroyed; they should be cut with some reference to the future; in other words they should be cropped. All the governments of Europe rely largely upon their forest lands for revenue. A similar condition should and could be brought about in this country."

## THE SUNSHINE SOCIETY.

An Organization Which Brings Good Cheer Into Darkened Hearts.

Among the many societies organized by the generous men and women of to-day for the welfare and happiness of others none has quite so interesting a history and unique a character as the International Sunshine Society.

It is so broad in its scope that it embraces all the charities, yet is in itself no sense a charity, but an interchange of kindly greeting and the passing on of good cheer, material or otherwise. Sunshiners do not labor under any rules, but there is always the personal touch of sympathy which means so much to the unfortunate man or woman to whom fate has seemed unkind.

A more appropriate name could not have been found for the society, the members of which pledge themselves to bring sunshine into the lives of others; to do something each day to lighten someone's burden; to speak the cheerful word that may bring new hope, new life and energy; to take notice of the lonely; to do the little acts of kindness, thoughtfulness and generosity that manifest the human, sympathetic interest in one's fellow creatures.

Opportunities for doing a kindness are often lost for lack of thought; the members of the Sunshine Society strive to cultivate the habit of sympathy that will give them a keener grasp and a deeper understanding of the lives of those around them.

The Society is unique in that there are no salaries paid. The president-general, every minor officer and member gives his or her services. Even the necessary clerical work is freely donated. The personal sacrifices that every officer and member makes to carry on the work cannot be estimated.

## Its Origin and Growth.

The Society was incorporated under the laws of New York in 1900 and to-day there are 400,000 enrolled members.

The Society is the outgrowth of a thought expressed by Mrs. Cynthia Westover Alden in the office of the New York Recorder several years ago during the holiday season. Mrs. Alden was the recipient of a number of cards from her co-workers on the paper as well as outside friends. After enjoying the cards, she protested that she would have been better pleased if the donors had not written their names on them. This statement horrified her audience and with one accord every one exclaimed:

"What! You wouldn't give our presents away, would you?"

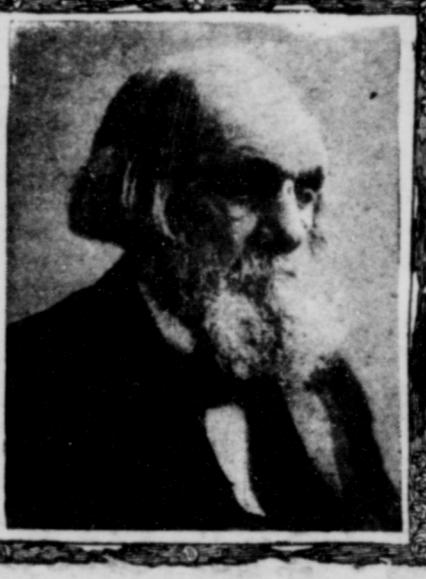
"Why not?" was the answer.

"What do you do with yours?"

A laughing investigation soon developed the fact that the waste basket was the ultimate destination of most of the cards received.

"Let me give you the history of one pretty ten-cent card that came to me a year ago," said Mrs. Alden. "It had an exquisite poem on it, and I enjoyed it so much that I thought at once of an old uncle who would appreciate it and forwarded it to him. He, as I thought, did enjoy it, and so much so that he immediately recalled an old friend to whom it would appeal with special force. So he copied the poem and sent the card on. This recipient found the card so helpful that she, too, felt called upon to pass it on and before the seven days' holiday was over the card had carried its Christmas message to six different persons. Of course this is exceptional, but is still an example of the infinite possibilities of a gift accepted in the true spirit and then passed on, giving each one the double delight of receiving and giving."

The cards which had afforded the little sermon were spread out and were



REV. EDWARD EVERETT HALE.

Congress for forestry of \$30,000. Since then forestry division has been advanced into a separate bureau of the Department of Agriculture, employing over 500 men and having an annual appropriation from Congress of upwards of one-half a million dollars. Fully a million acres of forest lands in the eastern part of the United States have been turned over to the Bureau of Forestry for management on a practical and scientific basis which will enable the cutting of the forest for lumber and at the same time insuring

successing "crops" of timber, while over 100,000,000 of the acres of government Forest reserves in the west have also been turned over to the Bureau of Forestry for administration. It is probable that at least another 50,000,000 acres of public timber land will be placed in federal reserves.

Secretary Wilson in his opening address at the recent annual meeting of the American Forestry Association in Washington, uttered a clear note of warning against the whole-sale reduction of the woodland area in the country.

"No nation on earth is as successful in the work of destroying its forests as the United States," he declared. "The indiscriminate mutilation of the forests must be stopped; the matter has become one of national interest which can not much longer be ignored by the people or by our legislators."

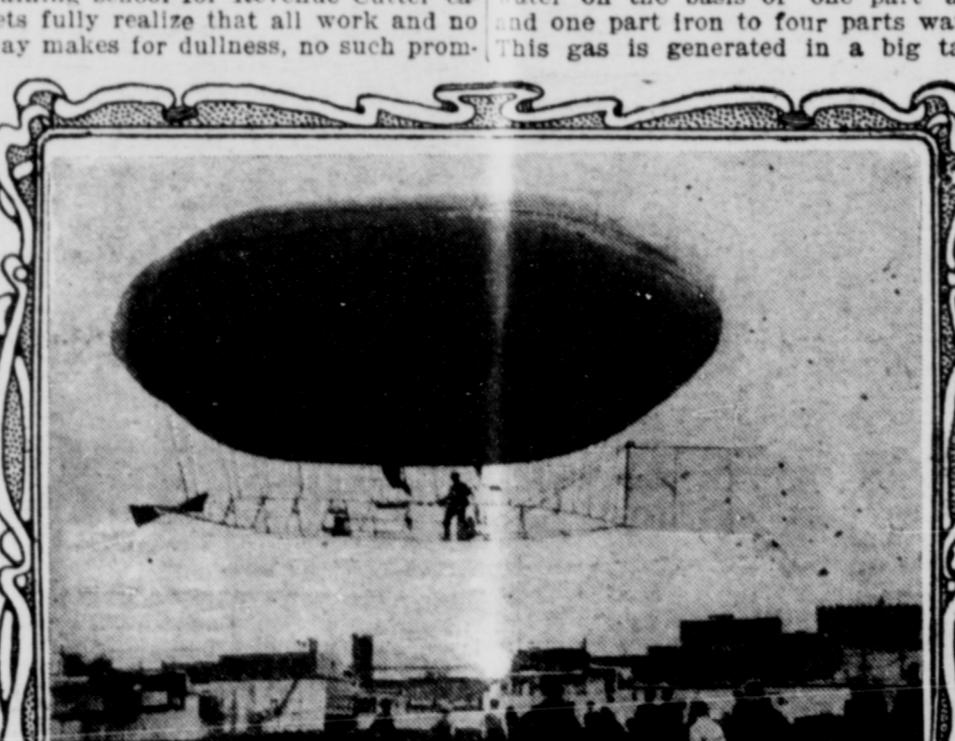
After advocating the broadest kind of protective forest policy, he touched on the subject of reforesting certain sections. He thought that every day should be an arbor day, that every year should mark a notable advance in the effort to recover lost ground.

## Plant A Million Acres.

"We should plant," he said, "not 10,000 acres nor stop at 100,000 acres, but should plant 1,000,000 acres in trees, and this would be viewed from several points, the very best investment which the United States ever made. It would be a paying, money investment to the government, and it would be a tremendous help to our agriculture. The price of merchantable timber is increasing with great rapidity, while every one knows the very beneficial effect that has resulted from the planting of wind-breaks in the prairie states."

Another address before the Association by the venerable Edward Everett Hale, now the Chaplain of the United States Senate, constituted a clear-cut statement of the great necessity of prompt action to protect the forests. Dr. Hale is around eighty years of age; he remembers when the saw and the ax had scarcely touched the giant monarchs in Ohio Valley, when the forests of northern Michigan and Minnesota were unbroken wildernesses, and when those of the far northwest, in that marvelous country "where rolls the Oregon," were a *terra incognita*. He has seen whole states denuded of their valuable timber and burned over by devastating fires

(Continued on next page.)



THE NEW BALLOON AIRSHIP.

inence is given to social features as is and is led through a rubber hose to the balloon.

Too Rapid Jack—"Yes, I had a little balance in the bank, but I got engaged two months ago, and now—" Slowgo Tom—"Ah! love makes the world go round."

Too Rapid Jack—"Yes, but I didn't think it would go round so fast as to make me lose my balance."

BOYS.

THIS AIR RIFLE is 5 1/2 feet long, weighs 1 lb., elegantly finished, steel barrel, all working parts nickel plated, peep sights; used indoors or for killing small game; shoots BB shot and darts;

very accurate rifle made.

Send us your name and address for only so pieces of jewelry to sell at 10c. each, return \$1.00 when sold and we will send this rifle at once and a

supply of shot.

COLUMBIA NOVELTY CO., Sept. 12, East Boston, Mass.

FREE

found to possess many possibilities of happiness, which the markings spoiled for passing on.

Inspired with this idea of sending out remembrances that might be multiplied four-fold a new set of cards was given to Mrs. Alden by the Recorder's staff and these cards were at once sent out. The thanks received for them were so pretty that an item was made of them in the New York Recorder. This caused further correspondence and resulted in a club for the exchange of friendly greetings. The name of "Chat" was at first chosen for the column, but in time the membership grew so large that the motto "Good Cheer" was adopted and in 1896 the name of the society was changed to the "Sunshine" Society, and its active members were to include all who were desirous of brightening life by word, thought or deed.

The growth of the Society has been almost phenomenal. From the parent society branches have sprung up until every State in the Union is represented with regularly enrolled presidents and organizers.

When a State has ten branches, each one consisting of at least ten members, it becomes entitled to a State president. Besides the thousands of members in the United States, there are flourishing branches in England, Japan, India, France and Germany.

#### The Society Motto.

The competition to furnish the Society's motto ran for three months and



PRESIDENT-GENERAL ALDEN.

among the many thousands of verses received the following poem sent in by Mrs. W. H. Chase of Brooklyn was selected:

#### Good Cheer.

Have you had a kindness shown?  
Pass it on.

Twas not given for you alone—  
Pass it on.

Let it travel down the years,  
Let it wipe another's tears,  
Till in heaven the deed appears—  
Pass it on.

At the time the verse was selected no one knew the author and it was not for several years after the Society had adopted the motto that the writer was discovered to be Rev. Henry Burton, D. D., of Lytham, England. Mr. Burton wrote the poem twenty-five years ago and had almost forgotten it until the Sunshine Society brought it into prominence. Mr. Burton is rector of the Lytham Episcopal Church and has become so interested in the Society that now everybody in his church and Sunday school has become a Sunshine.

Mr. Burton's parishioners are building a beautiful new church and Sunshiners the world over are planning to raise funds for a handsome memorial window bearing the poem which has inspired so many to acts of kindness and thoughtfulness.

#### The Dues.

One of the unique features of the Society is the payment of membership fees which consists merely of some kind act which will bring "sunshine" to some one. It may be only an exchange of books, pictures or flowers, or it may bring more material benefit. In one State a well known woman has paid her dues by educating some boy as long as she lives instead of placing a costly monument over her son's grave. In nearly every State in the Union the Society owns a wheel chair given in memory of some dear one. These are passed around to crippled and helpless ones and are constantly in use.

Though the Society has never solicited funds it is estimated that \$100,000 has been given to carry on its work. From the International headquarters, 96 Fifth Avenue, New York City, nearly \$60,000 has been expended in the past five years to make others happy.

#### Newspaper Aid.

The newspapers must be given credit in a large degree for the growth of the Society. Originating in a newspaper office it has everywhere received the endorsement of the press until today over 200 papers are regularly carrying Sunshine departments.

The Society has a publication of its own called the Sunshine Bulletin, of which Mrs. Alden, the founder and president-general, is editor.

#### Features of Sunshine Work.

Each State division of the Sunshine Society endeavors to have some established feature besides the individual sunshine each member strives to scatter. This work takes the form of day nurseries, homes for crippled children and aged ones, maintaining beds in hospital wards, fresh air and outing cottages, Sunshine libraries, lunch rooms for working girls, etc., etc.

The greatest evil the Society has to contend with is the fake sunshine societies grafters organize to defraud the public. The popularity of the Society and the ready response that every appeal of Sunshine receives has made it possible for these grafters to reap a rich harvest. Readers should remember that the only authentic Sunshine Society has Mrs. Cynthia Westover Alden as its president-general and is called the International Sunshine Society.

## THE BEGGER TRUST.

REGULARLY ORGANIZED FOR THE PURPOSE OF MULCTING THE PUBLIC.

Ingenious Make-Ups and Cruel Devices Practiced—Arrest Made and the Principals Sent to Prison—Famous Orient Beggar.

As old as is civilization, so old is the beggar kingdom, for wherever have been found any collection of men, the beggars there played their business despite indifference and the scorn of the majority, yet always reaping their harvest from the philanthropic. The nearer one draws to the wealthier countries more and more numerous one finds the professional beggar. Egypt, India and Italy are the worst examples. In countries which boast of their higher civilization beggary flourishes not through want or privation, but through a class of people who make beggary their profession and who have made a fine art of the methods of reaching the soft hearted. And beggars of this class do not seem to stop at crimininity.

A recent case was noted in press dispatches of unusual brutality practiced by a beggar upon three children in Austria who had been kidnapped from their parents. The children told a terrible tale of suffering at the hands of the beggar who had broken their legs in two places and then twisted the limbs out of shape, so that in knitting together the bones would not set straight. The man sent the children out to beg for him and their pitiful condition made compassionate people give large sums because of their apparent misery.

#### Fake Deformities.

While a number of the beggars found in large cities are really deformed—blind, lame, maimed, crippled, or deaf and dumb, yet it is known fact to the police authorities that there are establishments where idle, worthless and lazy persons are readily manufactured into objects of charity. The theme of one of the best of the Sherlock Holmes' stories is a wonderfully "made-up" beggar who fools the police

lookouts were appointed for each, and at the same time made hourly collections of the money passed out by a



PROSPEROUS SPANISH BEGGER.

generous public. These earnings were placed in a large pool, part of which was used in payment for legal representation when one of the "trust" might be arrested. At one time there were thirty men in the corporation but the police of New York gradually got one by one of the members into the toils of the law and the "trust" was broken up.

#### By Telephone.

"This is the residence of J. Pierpont Morgan. The house is on fire. Send an engine at once. This is Herbert L. Satterlee, Mr. Morgan's son-in-law, talking."

There was unusual excitement at headquarters recently when the telephone rang and the foregoing words came over the wire.

The engine was sent, and no team ever made a quicker run. When the firemen arrived at 219 Madison avenue, the home of the multi-millionaire, they found Mr. Satterlee in the doorway. The only sign of fire was a slender sheet of flame shooting out of the chimney.

"For heaven's sake, do not use any water," Mr. Satterlee begged. "You will ruin irreplaceable paintings if you do. The fire is in the chimney. But please be quick."

The firemen yielded to Mr. Satterlee's request, and used hand grenades instead of the hose. They found Policeman Daniel Kelleher on the roof. He had almost extinguished the fire by throwing salt down the chimney. The fire caused no damage.

#### Quickly Disposed Of.

A certain colonel is an authority on all military matters, and he is often besieged by cranks with pneumatic rapid fire guns, rifles, dirigible war balloons, and other martial inventions.

On one occasion he was sitting in his private room at the barracks with a friend when a servant brought in a card.

"Oh, send him in," said M. "His business won't take more than a minute or two."

There was shown in a wild-eyed, long-haired man, twisting his soft hat nervously in both hands.

"Colonel," he said, "I have here—and he took out a small parcel—"a bullet-proof army coat. If the government would adopt this—"

"Put it on. Put it on," said the soldier, and he rang the bell. The servant appeared as the inventor was getting into the coat.

"Jones," said his master, "tell Sergeant Brown to order one of his men to load his rifle with ball and cartridge and—"

"Excuse me, sir, I forgot something," interrupted the inventor, and with a hunted look he disappeared.

Arrangements are being made for the construction of a great military rifle factory in China.

The proper distance between the eyes is the width of one eye.



THE KING OF BEGGARS.

and the regular detectives and in fact everybody but the astute Sherlock. Yet old hands in the detective force state that this principal situation is in no way overdrawn as applied to actual conditions.

#### A Close Corporation Suit.

Following the example of large corporations which form combines for mutual protection and profit, there was recently established in New York a "beggar trust" through the efforts of a one-legged youth who had left a comfortable home to engage deliberately in beggary. His remarkable insight into business methods would probably have reaped him a greater reward than was derived through beggary. Organizing a community of interest among the mendicants of Park Row, he picked out favorable points throughout the city to which were assigned certain men. A lame youth would be placed at one point, a blind one there and a badly-sealed mendicant at another. That these beggars might not be molested in their work,

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# The FIRE

Someone whispered nervously to a neighbor. One or two men lifted their heads and drew quick breaths. People fled from side to side, and a few feet shuffled uneasily. Then a tiny puff of smoke came from the left wing and travelled as far as the middle of the stage. It was followed by a larger, rolling cloud. The effect was instantaneous.

"Fire!" shrieked a shrill voice, and a woman started up frantically. "Fire! Fire!"

In an instant the huge theatre was a seething, swaying mass; from all sides burst screams, sobs, and oaths. For a few seconds people were pushed in purposeless groups hither and thither. Then suddenly the crowd broke into rocking unwieldy sections, each pushing, fighting, tearing towards the nearest exit.

In the middle of the house, very still, sat a group of three. The Woman was in the middle, the Husband on her right, the Other Man on her left. For the first few seconds it seemed as if they must be swept off their seats. Then with a quick movement, the Other Man wheeled half round on his chair, put one hand on the back of the Woman's seat and the other on the seat before her. The Husband silently followed his example. They were both big, strong men. Their hands met in steady grip behind and in front of her. Thus till the rush was over they formed a human cage for her protection, shunting off by their braced rigid frames, their crowding, frantic neighbors.

"Thank you," she said quietly, when the middle of the theatre was deserted. "I couldn't have borne to be touched by such—animals." She gave a hurried glance at the nearest mass of humanity and then fixed her eyes whimsically on the smoke-clouded stage in front. "What do they remind one of?" she asked as though thinking aloud.

It was the Other Man who answered. "Pigs," he said contemptuously; "pigs, when the trough has just been filled, crowding toward it."

She half turned her head towards

soda; I mean—" She paused, shuddering. "Only go," she added faintly.

What did she mean? Did she know what she was saying. Probably not, he decided. What had he said himself a minute ago? He could not remember. What did anything matter now? He went without a word.

The Other Man stared straight in front of him. His face was a mask. For a minute they sat very still. Then he turned round.

"Come," he said in an ordinary voice, "it is time to move."

He gave her his hand, and he helped her over chairs and wooden forms till they were at the back of the building. "Here?" she asked.

"No," he said, and spread his coat on the floor: "Here, please. The nearer the ground, the less smoke, you know."

She sat down silently, and motioned him to share the coat. Then suddenly she laughed.

"It's queer, isn't it," she said, "that we should think about getting our clothes dusty—now?"

He did not answer. He was twisting a button on his overcoat round and round; it came off in his hand. Suddenly he spoke. "You are very brave," he said.

She drew a quivering breath. "I'm trying to be brave enough for two," she said in a low voice.

He made no reply; he did not want to understand.

"I'm glad," she added hurriedly, "that we moved. Perhaps—he will not find us here."

He turned swiftly, with a rush of joy. "Elizabeth!" he cried.

"Then you are content here with me?"

She brushed her hand across her eyes. "Oh, I don't know what I'm saying. I'm angry and distressed and humiliated. I don't want to die; but if I've got to, I'd rather be near some body brave like—like you."

"Elizabeth," he said passionately, "Don't you know—?"

She started. "Oh, hush!" she murmured. "It is so near—the end."

"That is just why," he said, and

She followed him silently.

When they were in their carriage and on their way home there was an awkward silence. Elizabeth had just finished bandaging his hand with the aid of both their handkerchiefs.

"Dear," he said at last, "would you mind telling me why you—you asked me to go away?"

"Of course," she interrupted, "I knew you would, and I meant to tell you. But you'll despise me. You've got a very unheroic wife, John. When I asked you to go I was—she went on steadily—"I was nearly dead with fright, and I couldn't bear to have you to see it; so I said the first thing I thought of to get rid of you while I got over it: What did I say?—I didn't know what I was saying, John. But—I did get over it."

His face cleared and he bent and kissed her. His voice was very tender. "Elizabeth, my wife—" he said. "Do you know?" he laughed light-heartedly. "I've been worrying like everything about it. I fancied you thought I was in a funk about myself. I—I thought you meant that."

She stared at him, then burst out laughing hysterically and threw her arms round his neck. "Oh, you dear, darling old stupid!" she cried.

"Don't you know yet that women never mean what they seem to mean?"

He made a mock gesture of despair. "So now that you seem to mean you are—well, rather fond of me, Elizabeth, what do you really mean?"

She smiled up at him swiftly. "That I consider you just perfect," she whispered.

Upstairs in their own room, when he had gone down to give some orders to the servants, Elizabeth wandered to the window. Her eyes were troubled. Suddenly she knelt down and buried her face in her hands. "God grant," she supplicated, "that he will never know—I do love him. I have always loved him—but that I should have thought him afraid!" Sketch.

ing gave way taking them both with it, and leaving him on the broken edge, safe."

She covered her face with her hands. "Oh!" she murmured. "I didn't know. What have I done?"

"He told me once," he went on, "that it had left him with the feeling that fire would never touch him, but that to think of anyone he cared for being in a fire made him—well, what you saw."

They were silent for an instant. "Hello!" he said suddenly, "they've got the curtain down."

The two stood up. Firemen and policemen were everywhere.

"No danger! No danger!"

The words passed from mouth to mouth, and though they were not strictly true, the effect of the lowered curtain was magical. The crowd was perceptibly thinner, noticeably calmer, but round each exit were gruesome proofs of the violence of the panic.

"Elizabeth!"

They looked at each other. "It's John," she said faintly.

"Yes," he said, and his smile was bitter, "it's John. Good-bye. Forget it all, Elizabeth. Do you know?" he looked at his watch—"it's all happened in less than ten minutes?"

"Really?" she said. "It can't be possible." But her eyes were searching for her husband.

The Other Man noticed it. "Elizabeth!" he said, half shamefacedly.

"Yes," she answered, her eyes searching the crowd.

"You are going to make up to him somehow for—for saying that to him?"

Her eyes softened and she held out her hand. "That was nice of you," she said gently. "Yes, I am going to make up to him. I pray God, he will never know what I thought."

"Elizabeth!" He had found her at last. The Other Man slipped away.

"I've found a way," he exclaimed breathlessly. "Come along."

"Oh," she cried, "you've hurt your hand; it's bleeding."

He held out the other to her. "No, no; it's nothing. I had rather a bother with the doors and windows. That's why I've been so long."

She followed him silently.

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He made a mock gesture of despair. "So now that you seem to mean you are—well, rather fond of me, Elizabeth, what do you really mean?"

She smiled up at him swiftly. "That I consider you just perfect," she whispered.

"I only wondered—"

"Of course," she interrupted, "I knew you would, and I meant to tell you. But you'll despise me. You've got a very unheroic wife, John. When I asked you to go I was—she went on steadily—"I was nearly dead with fright, and I couldn't bear to have you to see it; so I said the first thing I thought of to get rid of you while I got over it: What did I say?—I didn't know what I was saying, John. But—I did get over it."

His face cleared and he bent and kissed her. His voice was very tender. "Elizabeth, my wife—" he said. "Do you know?" he laughed light-heartedly. "I've been worrying like everything about it. I fancied you thought I was in a funk about myself. I—I thought you meant that."

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## BIG PROFITS IN CHICKENS.

GUY ELLIOTT MITCHELL.

We all know that there is big money in poultry. How much there is in it for us, depends entirely upon ourselves and whether or not we are keeping up with the procession in raising the kind of chickens which bring the most cash and in getting them into the market at a time when the demand is greatest. The value of poultry production for the United States this season was but a shade under that of wheat or cotton, amounting to over half a billion dollars. Since the perfection of the incubator, the importance of the industry has been greatly augmented. By the use of this splendid device it is now comparatively easy to bring in large quantities of chickens for the winter and early spring market when prices are very attractive. Hens can be urged but they can not be made to set if they do not want to; the incubator can be set at any time. All that is

overcome, and there will be little trouble in teaching the uses and management of the ordinary hatching machine.

### Not Difficult to Manage.

While there is nothing complex or difficult about the successful operation of an incubator, close attention and exactness are necessary; yet the results are more than worth the effort. The woman who fills her lamps regularly every morning, and the man who winds his watch or clock at the same hour every evening, need not fear the task of running an incubator; but unless one is willing to attend to the few wants of his machine at the right time, it will be unreasonable to look for a good hatching of chickens from the best incubator upon the market.

The writer has used incubators and has found great delight in hatching

into a big laying, heavy weighted and highly profitable flock, that it seems strange that there should be a single flock of dung-hills throughout the country. It costs no more to feed and care for a broad breasted Plymouth Rock, or a Wyandotte, or a huge Light Brahma, or any of a dozen other splendid standard varieties than it does for the common scrub, and with the low price at which good eggs, or practically pure-bred cockerels can be had, it is the easiest thing imaginable to have, after two or three years of systematic breeding, a flock of chickens producing three times the profit of the original flock.

### Standard Kinds of Chickens.

A fascinating little bulletin has been issued by the Department of Agriculture (farmers' bulletin No. 51) which is replete with illustrations of the principal standard varieties of chickens, the reading of which by any chicken grower, however small, should certainly stimulate a New Year resolution to make the flock real money earner. This bulletin, while it will prove, probably, a mere stimulant for more extensive literature on the subject, can be obtained without cost from Senators and Members of Congress, or the Secretary of Agriculture, and the proof of its popularity is apparent in the seven or eight editions which it has been necessary to publish to supply the demand throughout the country.

### Caponizing Fowls.

One of the most attractive features of poultry raising is the production of capons. This is a story all by itself. It is an experiment which one can enter into and with a very slight expenditure for a set of instruments, can follow it to any degree desired. It requires some judgment and a little attention, but caponizing is not difficult; it is one of those things which, while it looks, in the beginning, to be a hard proposition, gradually comes to you all of itself, so that the first thing you know you become almost an expert, and the reward is very considerable. Capons always sell readily and at a good advance in price. The birds become very docile and easily handled and are always money makers. The readiness with which the new capon recovers from the wound is a revelation.

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The period of incubation is always one of expectancy and when the chicks begin to come forth from the shell there is either keen joy or a decided dampening of ardor, according as to the results of the hatch. But don't become discouraged if the first hatch brings you only 50 per cent. of chicks.

Go right ahead, determined to omit the mistakes of the first trial and aim for 85 or 90 per cent. of the next hatching, which you should get if you have a good incubator and handle it properly. After a little practice you come to know your machine, how it is acting and what it will do, as well as you know your driving horse, in fact you can gauge it even more closely, for it is a machine and you can control it to a nicely.

There are hot air machines and hot water machines, there are small machines and big machines—machines to meet every need and requirement; the only thing is to get a good machine.

### An Attractive Side Line.

The poultry business on the farm has always been considered largely within the province of the women folks, and the enlargement of the industry by utilizing incubators has not changed the situation, except that many others than farmers' wives are now raising chickens from incubators.

"Modern chicken raising, as it has been adopted by thousands of people owning small rural homes," said an incubator agent to me recently, "accounts for the sale of an enormous number of our incubators and brooders.

In fact, it is among this class largely that we do business, and they are making the money out of it. A vast field is still open among the more conservative residents of the interior farm sections, who still stick to old methods, unaware of the comparative simplicity of a good incubator and of the great profit possible through its use."

### Breeding Up the Flock.

Even through the medium of the barnyard flock, regarded by many farmers as a very insignificant part of

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